B·S·A
Prices GREATLY REDUCED
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co. Hornby Rd., Fort, B'bay.

OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

The Bombay Chronicle

B·S·A
PRICES
Greatly Reduced
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XIV NO. 17 BOMBAY WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1926 ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA

(Incorporated in England)

MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE

P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1926			
23 Jan.	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA*	11,080
30 „	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
6 Feb.	RAZMAK ..	MOOLTANx ..	20,847
13 „	RANPURA ..		15,585
20 „	RAZMAK ..	MALWA* ..	10,941
27 „	RAJPUTANA		15,100
6 Mar	CHINA ..	MALOJAx ..	20,837
13 „	RAWALPINDI		16,100
20 „	RAZMAK o ..		10,602
27 „	RANCHI ..		16,650
31 „	CHINA† ..		7,952
3 April	NALDERAx ..		15,993
10 „	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
17 „	RAZMAK ..	MOREA* ..	10,919
24 „	RANPURA ..		16,585
1 May	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDAx ..	16,227
8 „	RAJPUTANA		16,109
15 „	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA ..	11,080
22 „	RAWALPINDI		16,100
29 „	RAZMAK ..	MOOLTAN ..	20,847
5 June	CHINA ..		7,952
12 „	RAZMAK ..	MALWA* ..	10,941
19 „	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
26 „	RAZMAK ..	MALOJAx ..	20,837

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

*Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

o Terminates voyage at Marseilles, passengers for London by Sea transfer at Marseilles to the "Mantua."

† s.s. China 31st March extra steamer at following reduced rates:—

1st Saloon to London £80, £70, & £60,

1st Saloon to Marseilles £72, £62, and £56.

2nd Saloon to London £54, and £56,

2nd Saloon to Marseilles £50 and £48

The difference in passage rates is according to the position of the cabins.

Very Special berthing arrangements have been made to increase the comfort of passengers proceeding by the China on the 31st March, 1926.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1926		
5th Jan.	WARFIELD* ..	6,000
4th Feb.	GHARINDA* ..	5,306
18th Feb.	GOLCONDA* ..	5,316
18th Mar.	DOMALA ..	8,441
8th April	MARGHA ..	8,278
9th April	DUMANA ..	8,427
30th May	WARFIELD* ..	6,060
30th June	Cargo Steamer ..	

*Cargo vessels only, will not convey passengers.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN and AUSTRALIA.

1926 9th Jan.	KASHMIR .. connecting at Colombo with CATHAY ..	Straits, China, Japan. Australia
last „	KIDDERPORE*	China & Japan.
1st „	NIRPURA* ..	China & Japan.
2nd Feb.	NALGORA*	China & Japan.
18th „	MASULA* ..	China & Japan.
18th „	LAHORE* ..	China & Japan.
2nd Mar.	DELTA .. connecting at Colombo with NARKUNDA ..	Straits, China, Japan. Australia.
9th Apl.	MOOLTAN ..	Colombo and Australia

All not convey Passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS
FRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF
RIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

BANDRA ..	Busreh via Karachi and P. Gulf Ports.
KARAGOLA ..	East & S. Africa.
ARSOVA ..	Busreh via Karachi
HAKLA ..	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast ports.
A ..	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast ports.

sailings for Karachi on Mondays Fridays, and Saturdays every week. rs for Karachi can only proceed by ailings when accommodation is not passengers ex the P. and O. Mail rough passengers to Busreh. Rates of Freights and Passage may th

INNON MACKENZIE & CO.
ard Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG & SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Baron Napier..	Thomson ..		13 Jan.	24 Jan.
Toyooka Maru ..	S. Tsuji	7094	15 „	29 „
xMorioka Maru ..	S. Amano	4469	16 „	21 „
Liverpool Maru ..	....	5864	21 „	30 „
Tottori Maru ..	G. Masuda	5973	22 „	3 Feb.
*Tamba Maru ..	J. Fujisawa	5845	29 „	12 „
Muroran Maru ..	Z. Hirai	5374	12 Feb.	24 „
Hakata Maru ..	G. Matsushita	5970	16 „	2 Mar.

x Proceeds to Karachi.
* Passenger Steamer

REVISED PASSAGE FARES.

For	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Steerage
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs
Singapore —	300	200	140	100
Hongkong —	475	320	215	145
Shanghai —	530	354	240	160
Kobe —	600	400	255	170

For particulars please apply to:—
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Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay
Telephone No. 20279 Telegrams "YUSEN

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2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

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Agents.
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FOR
1926
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ESTABLISHED 1895

Capital Authorised 1,00,00,000
Capital Issued 50,00,000
Capital Subscribed 50,00,000
Capital Paid upto 30.6.25 30,80,305
Reserve Fund 25,60,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE

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Allahabad	Hyderabad	Montgomery
Amritsar	(Sind)	Okara (Dist.
Amballa City	Jullundur	Montgomery)
Amballa Cant.	Jammu	Peshawar City
Bombay	Jhelum City	Peshawar
Cawnpore	Karachi	Cant.
Calcutta	Kasur	Patiala
Delhi	Lahore City	Quetta
D. I. Khan	Jhang	Rawalpindi
Ferozepore	(Maghiana).	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lyllapur	Sialkot City.
Gojra	Ludhiana	Simla
Hafizabad	Meerut City	Srinagar

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THE MIDLAND BANK LTD
AMERICAN AGENTS:—.
THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE PACIFIC NATIONAL BANK, LD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of Interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent per annum.

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Manager.
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Churchgate Street, Bombay.

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Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1297.)

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 60,00,000
Capital Called-up ..... Rs. 30,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 21,50,000

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Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Meshana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhol, Petlad, Patas, Sidhpur and Amreli.

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Raj Ratna Sheth Maganbhai P. Haribhakti (Nagar Sheth, Baroda)
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Anant Narayan Data Esq., Sar Suba, Baroda State).

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS:
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,60,000 at the rate of Rs. 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS:
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS:
Sums of Rs. 200 and over accepted at 4½ per cent., by transfers from Savings Bank accounts, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

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Kandi, Bengal, India.
Tel "Ulcer," Kandi.

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THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.
STABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).
HEAD OFFICE.
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BRANCHES: Calcutta & Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND ..... Rs. 74,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent. per annum from January to June and at 2 per cent per annum from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms Rules on application.
S. GRAY,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.
(REGISTERED IN LONDON.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)
Yen.
Subscribed Capital 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital 100,000,000
Reserved Fund 83,500,000
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Calcutta	Los Angeles	Semarang
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
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HEAD OFFICE:
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Amara	Colombo
Baghdad	Hillah
Bahrein	Karachi
Basrah	Madras
Bombay	Mosul
Calcutta	

Authorised Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,900,000
Reserved Fund ..... £ 800,000
Reserved Liability of Shareholders £1,000,000

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INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.
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THE ONLY WAY
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The Great Eastern Life Assurance Co., Ltd.
Incorporated in S. S.
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Jam[illegible] (Kathiawad).

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is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years increasing sales prove this fact.
AMRUTANJAN
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Sold Everywhere.
It kills and cures all
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When you spend so much for
YOUR CLOTHES
why not be certain that they are made by artistic Tailors
ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.
MERCHANT T[illegible]
PRINCESS ST[illegible]

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PER WORD

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Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

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Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

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A R2477.

WANTED—A SCIENCE TEACHER. Apply sharp with testimonials and pay, CHAIRMAN, English School, AMOD.
A R2464

TO TAKE thorough training in Shorthand and Typewriting join CROWN TYPEWRITER CO., Churchgate Street, Exceptionally Reduced Fees.
A R2455

WANTED—Experienced English-knowing SALESMAN. Apply PATEL BROS., Pydhonie.
A R2495

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A 24866

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WANTED—SECRETARY for a Limited Concern. Salary up to Rs. 200/-p. m. with prospects. Must invest Rs. 5000/- in the Company. No objection to retired Railway or Govt. employee. Apply Box No. 1180, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
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A 24815

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C R2437

TO LET—For Offices or Shops, 2nd floor or the 1st and ground floor of Motabhoy Building, on corner of Medows and Forbes Street, fully ventilated, good convenience. Rent moderate. Apply within.
C R2486

TO LET—Two large new GODOWNS, 777 and 925 sq. ft. ventilated and entirely fireproof with sliding iron doors, full height. Also upstairs residence quarters, large rooms with every convenience, rent very moderate in Mistry Building, Reay Road, Mazgaon, near Dock Yard Station. Enquire within.
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C 24778

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K R2471

T. R. LEES, LTD., ENGLAND, (Established 1852). Manufacturers of High-class Machinery, Steam Engines, Cross Compound, Tendum Compound, Single Cylinders, Vertical and Horizontal, Wood working Machinery, Circular Saw Benches, Band Sawings, Log Saw Frames, Planing, etc. 8" x 13" x 16" and 11" x 19" x 20" Engines, etc. in stock. Sole Agents, M. H. DINSHAW & CO., 47, Apollo Street, Bombay.
K

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelops. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle."
Medows St., Fort, Bombay.

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ELECTRIC THERMAE, Russian Baths and Scientific Hand and Electric Massages. Nurse attendance. GAIETY CHAMBER, Bori Bunder.
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LOOK HERE:—Renowned ILKAL SARRIES, colour guaranteed. Particulars in catalogue. SHRI MAHALUXMI SILK SARRI MANUFACTORY, ILKAL, Distt. Bijapur, M. S. M. Rly.
T R1585

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FOR rapid and thorough training in Shorthand and Typewriting, join immediately the POPULAR SHORT HAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, Darya Mahal, above Bhagirathi Stores, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. Managing Proprietor B. B. Rele, B.A., LL.B., late Manager and Instructor of the Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution. Concession to the poor and the unemployed.
M

PROFESSION.

FREE FORETOLD—Future life, race, features, Tejimandi. Try once. JYOTISHI KRISHNALAL, Shanti Building, 3rd floor, Kandewadi.
P R2470

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P R2432B.

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FOR SALE in Rajkot Civil Station.—'Nirbhayanivas'—well-built house, in healthy locality, on thoroughfare, open all sides. Spacious accommodation; once let to Surgeon Col. Hooten as medical ward. Fit for 'Utaro' of Talukas, for dwelling purposes of gentlemen with broad family. Mr. Venilal Baxi will show round. Apply Box No. 1176, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
N R2470

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—New Yost No. 20, Foolscap or Brief Size, Rs. 200; Oliver 3, Rs. 60, Brief 70, Empire 1, Rs. 75. Remington 10, Rs. 125 to 200, Brief Rs. 140 to 200; Gujerati Rem 120, Mahrati 125, Visible, Rs. 190; Corona 3, Rs. 85 to 125. Rem. Portable, Rs. 145; Corona, Improved, New, 195. Corona Four, Rs. 225; NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typerit er Experts, opposite Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay, Telephone No. 21223.
N WS

TYPEWRITERS.—New Fox Standard Typewriters, Rs. 290 only. Original price Rs. 450. Few left. Unique opportunity to secure a high grade standard typewriter at this low price. Corona Four (Four bank keyboard) Rs. 225. Corona improved model Rs. 195. Factory Rebuilt Remingtons 10 and 11 and Oliver No. 9 at exceptionally low prices. Secondhand Typewriters from Rs. 80 and upwards. Typewriter supplies. Repairs to all makes. A visit will pay you. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., Churchgate St. Fort, Bombay. Estd. 1908.
W

WANTED

VISITORS to see me with double limbs in a spirit bottle.
BABY,
C/o. Exhibition, Colaba.

VISITORS to see me having SIX LEGS.
Mr. MONKEY,
C/o. Exhibition, Colaba

VISITORS to see me a living BOY and GIRL combined in one form.
3 LEGGED HUMAN BEING,
C/o. Exhibition, Colaba.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

per column inch per insertion.

1st Insertion ..Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion..Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion..Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions ..Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement column.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the PREFERENCE SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Company will be CLOSED from the 26th January to the 8th day of February, 1926, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Dividend Warrants for the half-year ending 15th February, 1926.

Intimation as to change of address should be notified to the Company immediately.

By Order of the BOARD,
P. D. MAHALUXMIVALA,
Secretary.

19th January, 1926.
C24869

THE BOMBAY BURMA TRADING CORPORATION, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Corporation will be held at the Registered Office of the Corporation, No. 9, Wallace Street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, 20th January, 1926, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

I.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the year ending 31st May, 1925.

II.—To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.

III.—To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

IV.—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Corporation will be CLOSED from the 11th January to 28th January, 1926, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.

In accordance with Section 103 of the Articles of Association, the Books of the Corporation are open for the inspection of the shareholders at the Office of the Corporation between 12 and 4 p.m. (S.T.)

Bombay, 4th January, 1926.
24761

EUROPEAN ASSOCIATION.
(Bombay Branch).

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following two gentlemen are standing as Candidates for "A" Ward at the forthcoming Municipal election:—Mr. J. R. C. BADHAM, Manager, Motor Union Insurance Company, Ltd., and Mr. W. H. HAMMOND, M.A., Principal, Cathedral High School.

J. ADDYMAN,
Vice Chairman.
24758

PUBLIC NOTICES.

LAWN TENNIS.

AMATEUR OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP of WESTERN INDIA,

under the auspices of the Bombay Gymkhana, Limited.

16th FEBRUARY to 1st MARCH, 1926, (Inclusive).

GENTLEMEN'S SINGLES.
GENTLEMEN'S DOUBLES.
LADIES' SINGLES.
LADIES' DOUBLES
and
LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S DOUBLES.

Entries CLOSE on THURSDAY, 11th February, 1926.

Full particulars and entry forms can be obtained from:—

THE HON. SEC. for Lawn Tennis,
Bombay Gymkhana, Limited, Bombay.
C24865

NOTICE.

THE ATTENTION OF CANDIDATES and VOTERS at the ensuing Municipal Elections is invited to Sections 171B, 171C, 171D, 171E and 171F of the Indian Penal Code (XLV of 1860) as amended by the Indian Elections Offences and Inquiries Act (XXXIX of 1920).

(Sd.) H. B. CLAYTON,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Commissioner's Office.
Bombay, 18th January, 1926.
C24858

NOTICE.

TO LET—OFFICES on the FIRST AND SECOND FLOORS of The Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road Fort. Apply to Messrs. MULLA AND MULLA on the promises.
C24821

NOTICE.

Re: ORIENTAL MILLS (In Voluntary Liquidation).

A MEETING of the Creditors of the above Company will be held at 18, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, (in the Office of M. C. Ghia and Co.) on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of February, 1926, at 5.30 p.m. (under Sec. 209 of the Indian Company's Act) when all the Creditors are required to be present.

N. C. DALAL,
CHUNILAL D. BARFIVALA,
Liquidators.

Bombay, 18th January, 1926.
C24860

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the Last Will and Testament of RANCHHODDAS DHARAMDAS, of Bombay, Bania Hindu Inhabitant, a retired Clerk, a widower, residing at Girgaum, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

BEN SUBHADRA (in the Will mentioned as Subhdra) Gordhandas Tribhovandas, Vandrawandas Bhagwandas Gandhi and Damoderdas Madhavdas Daru, all of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, the former residing at Warden Road, the latter two residing at No. 6-7, Girgaum, without the Fort of Bombay, three of the Executrix and Executors of the Last Will and Testament of the Deceased. ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Seventh day of January in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-six and in the Sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) E. J. DAVAR.

The 7th day of January, 1926.
Messrs. THAKORDAS & D...
Petitioners' Atto...

"WONDERFUL FUTUR...
One year with full character... years Rs. 3. Send birth particu... time of writing.
EASTERN ASTROLOGICAL ...
Viza...

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that CHHOTALAL ANANDJI CHOVAN has retired from the business of Mathuradas Oil Mills which our clients Haridas Naranji, Mathuradas Haridas and Tulsidas Haridas were carrying on in partnership with the said Chhotalal Anandji Chovan under the name of Haridas Sons and Co. at Byculla, Bombay, as from the 28th day of December, 1925. Our clients will continue to carry on the said business under the said name of Haridas Sons and Co.

Dated this 19th day of January, 1926.

DABHOLKAR & JESHTARAM.
Attorneys for Haridas Naranji, Mathuradas Haridas & Tulsidas Haridas.
C24864

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of HANSRAJ MADHAVJI, of Bombay. Hindu Inhabitant ..... Deceased.

Bai HIRABAI, widow of Hansraj Madhavji, of Bombay, Hindu inhabitant, residing at Jackaria Bunder, but at present temporarily residing at New Mill Ward, Kurla, outside the Fort.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Fifteenth day of December in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-five and in the sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) E. J. DAVAR.

The 15th day of December, 1925.
Messrs. CHOKSEY & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
C24859

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the Last Will and Testament of Dr. HUSSEINBHAI ABDUL KADAR NAKHODA Shiah, Mahomedan Inhabitant, late of Bombay, a Medical Practitioner, resided at Nagdevi Street, outside the Fort. ..... Deceased.

Bai SAFIABOO, widow of Dr. Husseinbhai Abdul Kadar Nakhoda, of Bombay, Shiah Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Abdul Rehman Street, without the Fort of Bombay, the Executrix named in the last Will and Testament of the deceased abovenamed. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the above-named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness SIR NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Eighth day of January in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-six and in the sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.
E. J. DAVAR.

The 8th day of January, 1926.
Messrs. MALVI MODY RANCHHODDAS & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
True Copy.
MALVI MODY RANCHHODDAS & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys
C24868

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on 11 April, 2017

AUCTION SALES.

CRAWFORD & CO

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
123, Apollo Street, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 20521.

SALE WILL BE HELD AT VAJALPUR-BROACH.

AUCTION SALE OF THE INSOLVENT'S RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST IN THE VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES KNOWN AS "CHHOTALAL'S WADI" (NAGINA BAUG.) AT VAJALPUR, BROACH.

Under instructions from B. N. Lang, Esqr., the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of Naginlal Maganlal Jaychand (Insolvent) and with the consent of the Equitable Mortgagees the Bank of India Ltd. and the Legal Mortgagee Mr. Anupchand Chunilal Nalierwalla, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 23rd January, 1926, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises, all the right, title and interest of the abovenamed insolvent Naginlal Maganlal Jaychand and of the said Mortgagees in the immoveable properties known as "Chhotalal's Wadi" (Nagina Baug) hereunder written free from the said Mortgage claims.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTIES.

All those two pieces of parcels of land or ground respectively admeasuring 4 acres and 21 gunthas and 12 acres and 37 gunthas or thereabouts situate lying and being at Vejalpore in Broach in the Registration Sub-District of Broach and bearing the following descriptions:—

FIRSTLY:—Piece or parcel of land known as Chhotalal's Wadi admeasuring 17,061 square yards (4 acres and 21 gunthas) with the well standing thereon:—

Survey No. 147/2; Assessment Rs. 34/5; Nukshani (Loss) Rs. 27/12; Judi (assessment Payable) Rs. 6/9; Tenue Inam Wanta; City Survey Tika 1, No. 9 Survey No. 1/2 and bounded as follows: on the East by a plot of land bearing No. 102 belonging to Haji Hajeeji Gulam Rasul and land belonging to Irish Mission, on the West by land forming part of No. 147 and land bearing No. 148 on which is situated Collector's Bungalow on the North by public road leading to Kukerwada, on the South by land bearing Survey No. 149 belonging to Ratanji Mancherji Dalal and land bearing Survey No. 168 and on which are Government bungalows.

SECONDLY:—Piece or parcel of land or ground known as Chhotalal's Wadi admeasuring about 63,041 square yards (12 acres and 37 gunthas) with the well standing thereon and occupying 4 gunthas (separately):—

Survey No. 146; Admeasurement A12 g37; Assessment Rs. 124/8; Tenure Government Bighoti; City Survey Tika I No. 3 Survey No. 15.

and bounded as follows:—On the North by Public Road, on the South by land bearing Survey No. 148 on which is situate Collector's bungalow, on the East by field bearing Survey No. 140, on the West by Government land bearing Survey No. 147/1 and the entry thereof in the Register of Record of Rights is under Nos. 187/188 and which both pieces or parcels of land jointly admeasure 17 acres and 18 gunthas or thereabouts and which the whole piece (formed by the 2 pieces above described) is bounded as follows.—On the East by land belonging to Irish Mission and Gulam Nabi Nagdawala on the West by land acquired by Government and bearing Survey No. 147/1 and land on which is situated Collector's bungalow, on the North by Public Road leading to Kuketwada and on the South by land belonging to Gymkhana and to Rattoni Mancherji:—Together with the Bungalow (three); Kitchen (2); Stables; Garages Cow-sheds; out-houses; servants' quarters Store-rooms; and other buildings belonging or appertaining to them and all and any remaining of any and all of these building on the said piece or land and also together with the trees etc., growing on the said piece or parcel of land.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Purnanand Chubwala and Jasubhai, Attorneys for the Official Assignee and Mr. Anupchand Chunilal Nalierwala, at their office at 33, Hammum Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

N. B:—The Wady will be put up for sale in one lot, but if the offers are not agreeable to the Vendor, then the said Wady will be sold in several small lots, the plan for which is on view for inspection. The intending purchasers are requested to apply to Mr. Anupchand Chunilal Nalierwalla at Nndi Vakhar, Broach, where full information will be given in the matter.

SALE WILL BE HELD AT BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF THE INSOLVENT'S RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST IN THE PROPERTIES AT KAPADWANJ.

By the order of B. N. Lang, Esq., the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of Ebrahim Mull. Abdul Hussein Palla and Abdul Kader Mulla Abdul Hussein Palla (Insolvents) Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 28th day of January 1926 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort Bombay, the right, title and interest of the said insolvents in the properties described below.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES

(1) House bearing Survey No. 518, Old Revenue or City Survey or Municipal No. 1/5319 Tenure A, Area 66 square yards free assessment standing in the name of Ebrahim Abdul Kadar Dhundia, situate at Kapadwanj, Moti Hatwar, Gadheda Sheri.

(2) House bearing Survey No. 519, Old Revenue or City Survey or Municipal No. 1/532, Tenure A, Area 88 Square yards free assessment standing in the name of Ebrahim Abdul Kadar situate at Kapadwanj Moti Hoarwar, Gadheda Sheri, (2) One bungalow at Kapadwanj on Somnath Road near Railway Line bearing Survey No. 6743, Old Revenue No. or City Survey or Municipal No. 348/2, Area 15833 square yards, assessment Rs. 2-9-0, standing in the name of Ebrahim Abdul Hussein and Abdul Kadar Abdul Hussein.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Purnanand Chubwala and Jasubhoy, Solicitors, at their office at 77, Meadows Sreet, Fort or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
29, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 23409.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS.
AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT PEDDER ROAD, CUMBALLA HILL.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 2689 of 1921.

DOKALDAS DAMODAR ..... Plaintiff
Versus
1) C. M. PAREKH, (2) D. MACKENZIE and (3) THE ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD. ..... Defendants.

Under instructions from the Allahabad Bank Limited, the third defendant in the above suit, Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on the premises on THURSDAY, the 28th day of January, 1926, at the hour of 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), in pursuance of the directions contained in the Decree on Award in the above suit, bearing date the 6th day of July, 1925, the undermentioned very valuable immoveable property.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRST—All that piece or parcel of free hold land or ground, situate at Cumballa Hill on the West side of Pedder Road, outside the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,100 (one thousand and one hundred) square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue with other land under Collector's Old Nos. 299 and 17, New Nos. A/2023 and 5/90, Old Survey No. 81, New Survey Nos. 7108 and 5/7119 and bounded as follows.—That is to say, on or towards the East by the piece or parcel of land next hereinafter described and beyond it by the Pedder Road aforesaid, on or towards the North by a private passage leading to Sath Nunar, on or towards the West by vacant land now or formerly belonging to Trimbak Jaggonnath and on or towards the South by vacant land now or formerly belonging to Mahomedbhai Rahimtulla and another.

SECONDLY—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land, situate at Cumballa Hill on the West side of Pedder Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, having a frontage of eighty-six feet on the Pedder Road, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 226 (two hundred and twenty-six) square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue with other land under Collector's Old Nos. 381 and New No. 2259, Old Survey No. 81 and New Survey No. 7109 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the Pedder Road, aforesaid on or towards the North by a private passage leading to Seth Minar, on or towards the West by the premises hereinbefore first described and on or towards the South by vacant land now or formerly belonging to Mahomedbhai Rahimtulla and another.

Which said two pieces of land are surrounded on all sides and enclosed within a boundary wall, belonging to the Vendor and both of which premises firstly and secondly described are together with the bungalow, buildings and structures standing thereon assessed by the Municipality under D Ward No. 3492 (3) Street No. 92 B.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. CRAWFORD BAYLEY & CO., Solicitors, for the Vendors at their office at Ewart House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

BENNETT & CO

130, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF "THE SHRI KARUNESH LITHOGRAPHIC PRINTING PRESS IN WORKING ORDER SITUATE AT TRIBHOWAN ROAD, SIR MANGALDAS WADY, GIRGAUM.

Pursuant to the order made in Suit No. 678 of 1924 and under instructions from V. H. Moos, Esqr., under the Receiver appointed therein (Karkare vs. Gogate) Messrs. BENNETT and CO., will THIS DAY Wednesday, the 20th inst. sell by Public Auction at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the above mentioned Lithographic Printing Press consisting of:—

Ratcliffe machines; Winston and Ratcliffe Hand Presses; Hughes and Kimber Press; Payne's Hand Cutting Press, Stitching, Punching and Varnishing Machines; Copper plate Press; Two Induction Motor 0 H.P. each by A. Chambers and MacFarlane; stone grinding machine; a large lot of lithographic stones of different sizes, etc., etc.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

The above will be on view three days before.

BENNETT & CO.,

AMUSEMENTS

WARNER BROS.

CLASSIC OF THE SCREEN

Should pasts be punished mercilessly or should society forgive?

The answer to this is found in

"Being Respectable"

Starring

Marie Prevost Monte Blue, Louise Fazenda, Irene Rich, Theodore Von Eltz, Frank Currier.

Pathe Super Gazette

A Complete Record of World Wide Events

"Roughest Africa"

Starring

STAN LAUREL

TIME :— 6, 8 and 10 p. m.

Now playing at

PATHE CINEMA

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

TO-DAY ! TO-DAY ! !

Shri Krishna Film Co.'s Master-piece Pictures.

FLYING-HORSE

OR

PANCH KALYANI and PARIJATAK

A Story adapted from Arabian Night

AND

Mr. B. G. HORNIMAN

THE FRIEND OF INDIA

WILL BE SCREENED AT

KRISHNA CINEMA

DUBASH THEATRE,
New Charney Road.

TIME AND RATES AS USUAL

BILLIARD SALOON

OPENED AT

VIANELLI'S ITALIAN RESTAURANT,

CHOWPATTY SEA FACE.

Next Saturday

"THE FORTIETH DOOR"

AT

GLOBE CINEMA

SANDHURST ROAD.

IMPERIAL

PRESENTS

TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK

Kohinoor's Super Picture

THIEF of DELHI

Featuring Miss Gohar.

Programme also contains attractive Topical Film

Mr. HORNIMAN

Returns to his City of adoption.

Daily Four Shows at 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m.

EXTRA SHOWS

Sat., Sun., and Bank Holidays at 3 P. M.

AMUSEMENTS

ENTRANCE FEE REDUCED TO As. 4.

From MONDAY the 18th inst.

THE VISHWA BHARAT LUXMI EXHIBITION

OLD COTTON GREEN GROUND (Colaba).

Open from 11 a. m. to 11 p. m. up to 31st January, 1926.

(1) Exhibits from all Parts of India
(2) The Art Gallery and Ladies Section Open to You.
(3) Phadke's Fine Arts (Wax Shows) quite new to the public.
(4) Wonderful Baby with Four Hands, Four Legs, Two Backs and One Head.
(5) The Three Headed Man, The Human Spider, The Floating Girl & Many Others Worth Seeing

DON'T MISS ON OR FROM

20th JANUARY 1926

Eighth WONDER OF THE WORLD competes

THE HORNEDMAN

LIVING BOY AND GIRL (combined in One Human Form) and THE LIVING SIXLEGGED MONKEY.

AMUSEMENTS.

Goa (Karim) Dance; Girls from Goa will entertain with quite a novel specimen of Musical Art.

CLASSIC STATUES IN MARBLE.

FIRE-EATING BY MISS NETA.

AND OTHER ENTERTAINMENTS.

Amusements Start from 6-30 P. M.

1/4 Grenadiers Band will be in attendance from 7 to 9 P. M.

N. B.—Sassoon Dock Tram Service brings you direct to the Exhibition Gate and takes you back to your home.

GLOBE CINEMA SANDHURST ROAD

LAST WEEK ! Eps. 12, 13, 14 & 15

"HURRICANE HUTCH"

Featuring:—CHARLES HUTCHISON

"HUTCH" manages to free himself from the iron jaws

Also one reel

CHARLIE CHAPLIN COMEDY

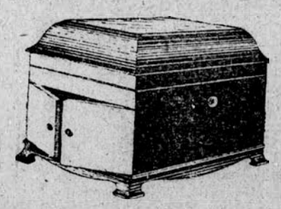
"THE BLUNDERING BOOB"

Coming ! - - - - Coming ! !

"THE FORTIETH DOOR"

PRIMAPHONES.

SPRING WINDING MODEL



Mahogany Oak or Walnut polished Cabinet World-renowned "THORENS SWISS MAKE" all steel nickel plated Double spring motor, most reliable and perfect motor in the world. Full Swing nickel plated Tone-arm Imperial Soundbox. Allwood floating Horn.

MODEL NO. 104, Rs. 100.

Illustrated Catalogue on request.

Sole Importers and Distributors,

BOMBAY PHONO GENERAL AGENCY,

520-22, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

PRICE Rs. 3 ONLY
Our Patent Regd.
"TIC-TAK"
WALL CLOCK

Keeps correct time
Built on strong mechanism and a most beautiful decorative
WALL CLOCK
INSIST ALWAYS ON "TIC-TAK"
Registered
PETER WATCH CO.,
POST BOX 27, MADRAS.

SHARE MARKET.

Bombay, Jan. 19.

Mill shares remained steady. B'Dyeing and Swadeshi were stronger. Other shares remained almost unchanged. Dyeing closed at 860, Fazul 820, Pearl 475, Century 417/8, Swadeshi 460, Nagpore 466/4, Indore 393/12, Crescent 197/8, New Great 396, Simplex 140.

Tata Hydro closed at 927/8, Defered at 43/12 and ordinary at 16/8.

Tramways was in request at Rs. 106/4.

In cash shares Burmah Trading closed at 430, and partly paid at 122/8, New India transacted at 13/8, Imperial Bank fully paid at 1440xd., and partly paid at 340xd., Bank of India at 72/8.

LOCAL BANKS.	Paid up	Last Divid	Quotation Rs	
	Rs.			
Bank of India	50	3	72	4
Baroda	50	4	75	
Central Co-operative	50	7½	58	
Central	25	1½	23	2
Eastern	£5	9 p.c.	77	
Imperial	500	40	1440	+D
Imperial Contributory	£125	10	370	×D
Union	75	—	9	
CEMENTS AND MANGANESE				
Bundi	10	—	9	
Central India Mining	10	4-8y	30	
Indian Cement O.	350	—	36	4
Katni Cement O.	100	—	46	4
Katni Cement D.	40	—	110	
Jumal Cement O.	10	—	2	2
Shivrajpure	10	8—0	48	8
RAILWAY COMPANIES.				
Ahmedabad Prantej	500	11 p.c.	817	8
Amritsar Pattis	100	10 p.c.	144	
Central Provinces	100	7½ p.c.	109	
Dhond Baramati	100	6 p.c.	88	
Guzerat	100	5 p.c.	79	
Hoshiarpur Doab	100	5 p.c.	82	
Larkana	100	5 p.c.	74	
Mandra Bhon	90	5 p.c.	72	
Pachora Jammer	100	5 p.c.	75	
Sara Sirsgunj	100	5 p.c.	79	
Sidhot Narowal	100	5 p.c.	87	
Sind Light	100	6 p.c.	151	+D
Tapti Valley	500	8 p.c.	617	8
Upper Sind Light	100	4 p.c.	6	8
STEAMER COMPANIES.				
Bombay Steam Navigation O.	250	—	122	8
Bombay Steam Navigation P.	250	—	265	
Scind a Steam	30		7	6
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.				
Ahmedabad Electricity	100	5 p.c.	81	
Andhra Valley O.	1,000		545	
Andhra Valley P.	1000	—	850	+D
Bombay Tramways O.	50	4	106	4
Bombay Tramways P.	50	7 p.c.	60	8
Karachi Electricity	100	0	74	
Surat Electricity	100	—	57	8
Tata Hydro-Elec. O.	1,000	30	935	
Tata HydroElec. P.	1,000	7 p.c.	880	+D
Tata Power O.	1,000	—	825	
Tata Power P.	1,000	—	610	
PRESS COMPANIES.				
Akbar	500	—	478	
Fort	475	..	200	
Harvey & Sabapathy	500	90-35	925	
Indian Cotton	125	20	225	
Manmad Manufacturing	250	—	200	+1
New Borar	500	80	655	
New East India	1,000	..	2500	
New Mofussil P.	400	40	515	
New Prince of Wales	600	61	775	
Volkart U. P.	500	40	635	+D
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.				
Alcock Ashdown	100	—	132	8
Belapur Co. Ltd.	75	—	8	
B. Burma T. Corporation Old.	125	7-8	4-0	
B Burma T. Corporation New	50	5	12-2	8

Burma Corporation	10	0-6	13	4
Bombay Uganda	80	4-12	50	
British Burma Petroleum	100 Sh 8		5	8
Indo-Burma Petroleum	100		175	
Joat Engineering	50	7-8	75	+ D
Mckenzie	100	30 p.c.	300	+ D
New Union Flour Mills	100	..	30	
Port Canning	1,000	50	620	
Sardar Carbonic Gas	100	—	80	
Tata Iron Pref. 1st	150	6 p.c. y	101	
Tata Iron Pref.	100	—	29	4
Tata Iron Defd.	30	—	41	14
Tata Iron and Steel Co O.	75	—	17	8
Thacker	50	..	150	
Telephone	50	1	24	
INSURANCE COMPANIES.				
Empire of India Life	50	22-8	700	
Jupiter	15	..	2	14
New India	25	1-0	13	8
Oriental Life	50	30 p.c.	850	
Vulcan	10	—	2	6y
MILLS.				
Ahmedabad Advance	100	12	400	
Alliance	100	—	40	
Apollo	50	—	9	
Assur Virjee	100	..	4	
Berar Manfg.	200	30	300	
Bombay Cotton O.	500	15	345	
Bombay Cotton P.	10	5 p.c.	6	
Bombay Dyeing etc.	250	60	860	
Bombay Industrial	100	..	11	
Bombay Woollen	100	..	70	
Bradbury	250	10	400	
Bradbury P.	250	7 p.c.	200	
Broach Fine Counts	250	..	27	
Century	100	20y	417	8
Central India O.	100	16	466	4
Central India P.	500	5 p.c.	400	
Ceylon	100	..	50	
Colaba Land & Mill	100	7-8y	120	
Coorla	100	7y	140	
Crescent	100	6	198	12
Currimbhoy	250	—	350	
David	500	—	400	
Dawn	250	40	650	
Diamond O.	100	—	5	
E. D. Sassoon United O.	10	—	0 15	3
Ebrahimbhoy Pabaney	250	15y	272	8
Edward Sassoon	200	—	150	
Elphinstone O.	100	—	28	8
Emperor Edward	500	..	300	
Fazulbhoy	250	25	818	12
Finlay	100	4	125	
Framjee Petit	1000	—	550	
Globe	100	—	40	
Gokak	100	7	123	12
Gold Mohur	100	—	16	
Hindoostan	1,000	100	1175	
Indian Bleaching, etc.	100	8	187	8
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	200	200	
Indore-Malwa United	100	10	395	
Indian Woollen	50	—	2	
Jamshed O.	250	—	75	
Kastoorchand	500	..	85	
Khandesh	1,000	200	2300	
Khatau Makanjee	100	Nil	93	2
Kilachand	25	—	5	
Kohinoor	500	..	300	
Lakshmi Cotton	1,000	150	4850	
Madhorao Scindia	100	—	32	
Madhowji Dharamsi	100	—	122	8
Madras United	250	15	425	
Maneckjee Petit	1,000	100	2050	
Mathradas	100	—	113	12
Meyer Sassoon	500	—	100	
Morarjee Goculdas	1,000	60	2100	
Model Mills, Nagpur	250	..	130	
Mysore	50	5	123	12
New City of Bombay	100	10	205	
New Great Eastern	200	10y	310	
Osmanshahi (100)	75	—	75	
Pearl	250	12	475	
Pheonix	100	15	445	
Planet	100	—	8	
Premier	100	—	45	
Sassoon Cotton	100	—	30	
Sassoon Silk	500	—	460	
Sholapur	1,000	250 xd	7250	
Simplex	250	—	141	4
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	—	61	4
Standard	500	100	1225	
Swadeshi	100	18	460	
Swan	100	8	180	
Tata Mill O.	500	..	104	4
Vishnu Cotton O	500	90	1875	
Vishnu P.	500	35	550	
Western India Spng.	1,000	100	530	

SHARE-MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.

Bombay, Jan 19.

Ahmedabad	397-8
Bombay Cotton	345
Bombay Dyeing	862-8, 862,8 857-, 860
Century	421-1, 422-, 417-8, 417-8
Central India	+6-4
Colaba Land	1-0
Crescent	197-8
Edward Sassoon	150
Fazulbhoy	822-8 812-8,818-1,81 -12
Finlay	125
Globe	40
Gokak	123-12
Indian Bleaching	187-8
Indore Malwa	395
Kohinoor	300
Madhowjee	123-12
Mathuradas	1.3-12
Meyer Sassoon	100
Mysore	123-12
New Great	3,0 311-1 308-12 308-12
Pabaney	272-8
Pearl	47-12 476-472-8 375
Phoenix	4-0
Simplex	142-8 142-8,138-12-141-4
Swadeshi	460
Swan Mills	180
Tata Mill	106 4

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock	132-8
Bombay Steam	122-8
Tram Co., Ord	105-106-14-105-11 6-4
Bundi Cement	9
Central India Mining	30
Indian Cement	36-4
Katni Cement Ord.	46-4
Shivrajpur	44-8
Tata Hydro	932-8 935, 926-4, 928-4
Tata Iron & Steel, Ord.	15-4, 16-12, 16,16-8
Tata Iron & Steel Def.	45,45-8,42-8,4

RUBBER.

London, Jan. 18.

Para Up River Fine. Spot, Jan Mar nominal value 37

Ribbed Smoked Sheets 36¾ buyers 37¼ sellers for April/June, 35 buyers, 35½ sellers July/Sept. 32½, Buyers 32¾ sellers

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot 36¾ buyers 37¼ sellers.

Tone:—Weak chiefly bear selling in absence of support.

BARLEY.

London, Jan. 18.

Karachi Barley—Unquoted.

FREIGHT OF COAL.

London, Jan. 18.

Cardiff to Bombay 13/6 to 14

London, Jan. 18.

Council Bills—Extra/ allotments Sovereigns Export to Holland £8,000 Reserve.

Released account South African Reserve Bank £ 500,000.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

Bombay, Jany. 19.

A further rise of 6 to 8 points in New York futures has been reported to-day. The market eased at the opening on some long liquidation but later improved on short covering and trade buying. Liverpool has been reported 10 to 7 points down. The decline was due to long liquidation.

Report from Messrs. Tobacco Smith and Co., Agents Messrs. M. and P. Stevens:—

The American markets still show reaction as due, we advise purchasing steady and whilst we think chances on any reasonable setback Ploughing commences about the 20th January in the southern parts of Texas, and despite the facts that there is ample cotton for all purposes, we do not think America will be content to grow its next crop at 19.25 dot for July. Any unfortunate weather factor will be magnified in order to maintain prices.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugar's New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co., cable under date 18th instant as under:—

"Short covering of near months continues. Large exports."

Owing to continued advance in America the Marwari Bazar opened this morning steady at Rs. 360½ i.e., about Rs. 2 higher than yesterday's closing rate for Broach April/May and gradually declined to Rs. 363, on selling by several Commission Houses and Exporters. On moderate buying by Shroffs and jobbers the market advanced by half a rupee and closed at Rs. 363. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 364 and closed quiet at Rs. 361 on selling by Shroffs and Commission Houses.

Oomra January opened at Rs. 359 and going up by a rupee closed at Rs. 388½. Commission Houses and Shroffs were moderate buyers whilst Exporters were sellers. Oomra March opened at Rs. 340 and improving to Rs. 341 declined to Rs. 338½ on selling by Commission Houses and Bazar Operators and closed at Rs. 339½. Whilst Oomra May opened at Rs. 342½ and closed easier at Rs. 338½. Bengal January, March and May were quoted Rs. 290½, As. 291½ and Rs. 292 1/2 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton remained steady yesterday with good demand for high-class Oomra and Broach cotton. For ordinary quality the demand was very limited

COTTON GREEN CLOSING QUOTATIONS.—6 P.M.

	Bombay, Jan. 19.
Fully Good Broach April-May	361
Fully Good Bengal Dec.-Jan.	288
Fully Good Bengal March	289
Fully Good Bengal May	290½
Fine Oomra Dec.-Jan.	357
Fine Oomra March	337½
Fine Oomra May	337

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 19.

M. G. Bengal, Superfine 312, Fine 304, F. Good 294, Good 284.

M. G. S. Punjab, Superfine 307, Fine 299, F. Good 289, Good 279.

M. G. Oomra No. 3, Superfine 369, Fine 359, F. Good 349.

M. G. Central Provinces No. 1, Superfine 394, Fine 384, F. Good 374.

M. G. Central Provinces No. 2, Superfine 384, Fine 374, F. Good 364.

M. G. Khandesh, Superfine 355, Fine 345, F. Good 335.

M. G. Mathia, Fine 308, F. Good 293, Good 283.

EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.

	Bombay, Jan. 19.
Fully Good Broach April-May	363
Fully Good Bengal Dec.-Jan.	290
Fully Good Bengal March	291
Fine Oomra Dec.-Jan.	359
Fine Oomra March	339

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 19.

	Ready New.	Jan.
Bengal Superfine M.G.	310/15	.....
Bengal Fine M.G.	300/5	303
Bengal F.G.M.G.	292	293
Sindh-Punjab Fine M.G.	298	298
Sindh-Punjab F.G.M.G.	288	.....
Punjab-Americans M.G.	320/95	.....
Wardha Hingt Fine M.G.	350/85	385
Nagar Fine M.G.	350/85	385
Yeotmal Fine M.G.	325/70	375
Pulgaon Fine M.G.	335/75	375
Dhamangaon Fine M.G.	330/70	375
Amraoti Fine M.G.	335/65	360
Khamgaon-Akola Fine M.G.	320/65	355
Julkapur Fine M.G.	315/50	345/50
Khandesh Fine M.G.	315/40	340/42
Khandesh F.G.M.G.	.....	.....
Broach Fine M.G.	(Old)	385
Broach Fully Good M.G.	.....	.....
Muthia Fine M.G.	310	.....
Muthia F.G.M.G.	285/90	.....
Dharwar S.G.	.....	.....
Coompta M.G.	345/70	.....
Westerns M.G.	290/310	.....
Westerns H.G.	.....	.....
Miraj M.G.	340/70	.....
Cambodia	400/20	.....

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed Bales.	2 Days.	Since 1st September. This year	Last year
Kumbum — —	3,163	1,73,774	88,601
Central India —	6,110	1,04,7	48,772
Barsi and Nagar —	3,435	89,1 8	5.,11
Hyderabad (Deccan) —	813	82,240	28,3 9
Carnatic — —	3,5 9	8,508	6,9 4
Central Provinces —	2,78 8	25,918	17,2 4
Total Overseas .	16,1 1c	5,6,19	6,41,3 3
Madras — —	94	90,971	44,5.0
N.-W. Provinces —	3,4 4	1,5,,9 0	94,01
Rajputana — —	1,486	44,034	18,295
Sind-Punjab —	976	1,,1,648	8 ,707
Broach — —	1,120	7,,38	1,132
Coompta & Dharwar	—	12,978	11,473
Western-Northern	1	7,129	9,512
Cocanada — —	—	1,471	829
Tinnevelly and Cambodia —	—	6,411	6,400
Persian — —	—	1,879	639
American — —	—	136	5,706
Egyptian and African — —	—	9,182	12,883
Comilla, Burma & other sorts —	—	352	3,485
Total —	24,457	11,64,5:2	9,52,880

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	1st Sept. to 14th Jan, This year.	Last year
Europe — —	2,1o0	1,77,.17	1,18,643
Japan & China —	24,e39	4,11,376	4,27,1,8
Coast Ports —	—	9,.87	6,786
Up country by Rail.	—	4,259	7,0o7
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan —	—	1,,6,524	78,770
Total —	27,0o9	7,09,663	6,38,904

COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 18.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 7,000 bales.

Total Day's Sales on Spec. & for Exp. 4,0 bales.

Total Day's Sales of East Indian 200 bales.

Universal Standard moderate demand 10.90

Egyptian F.G.F. Sakellaridis 18.65

New York 11 a.m.

(As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

March	20 36
May	19.80
July	19 07

New York Noon Call

March	20.49
May	19.91
July	19.20

New Orleans 10 a.m.

March	9 73
October	17.72

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Jan. 18.

Future Delivery Prices:—

January	10.55	unchgd.
March	10.48	unchgd.
May	10.34	unchgd.
July	10.20	+.03
October	9.76	unchgd.
December	9.66	+.01
January	9.65	+.03

EGYPTIANS:—

March	17.65	—.10

Belgium 10703, Athens 35600.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Jan. 18.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G.O.C. Liverpool:—

January	10.42	—.10
February	10.37	—.11
March	10.38	—.10
April	10.29	—.08
May	10.26	—.08
June	10.18	—.06
July	10.10	—.07
August	9.95	—.05
September	9.78	—.06
October	9.70	—.06
November	9.62	—.06
December	9.60	—.05
January	9.58	—.04

Tone:—Quiet but steady.

EGYPTIAN COTTON. CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Jan. 18.

January	17.70	—.20
February	17.65	—.20
March	17.55	—.20
April	17.50	—.20
May	17.50	—.20
June	17.45	—.25
July	17.45	—.25
August	17.55	—.30
September	17.65	—.30
October	17.80	—.15
November	17.70	—.25
December	17.70	—.25
January	17.70	—.25

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Jan. 18.

Scinde, Good	7.60
Scinde, Fully Good	8.00
Scinde, Fine	8.40
Bengal, Good	7.70
Bengal, Fully Good	8.10
Bengal, Fine	8.50
Oomra, Good	8.40
Oomra, Fully Good	8.80
Oomra, Fine	9.20
Broach, Good	8.90
Broach, Fully Good	9.30
Broach, Fine	9.70

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 18.

COTTON:—

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports 37,000

Day's Exports to Great Britain 36,000

Day's Exports to Continent 54,000

Futures at New York:—

March	20.52	+.06
May	19.96	+.08
July	19.25	+.08
October	18.23	—.08

Spot Cotton at New York 21.25 +.05

Spot Cotton at New Orleans 20.78 +.18

Futures at New Orleans:—

March	19.90	+.08
October	17.75	—.05

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 18 1/2

Demand Bills 4.85.81.

Silver Commercial Bars—

Foreign Mined 67 1/2.

CLOSING PRICES.

New York, Jan. 18.

Futures at New York:—

March	20.52	+.06
May	19.96	+.08
July	19.25	+.08
October	18.23	—.08

Liverpool, Jan. 18.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G.O.C. Liverpool:—

January	10.42	—.10
March	10.38	—.10
May	10.26	—.08
July	10.10	—.07

A NEW YORK CABLE

Messrs. Ratilal and Co., Cotton Brokers and Commission Agents, Bombay, received on Tuesday the following cable from their New York friends:—

New York, Jany. 18.

"Market firm with hardenning tendency. Think market not likely to decline materially."

WHEAT.

London, Jan. 18.

Barletta Russo—63½ lbs. Dec./Jan. sellers 59.

Rozario Santa Fe—57½ lbs. Jan./Feb sellers 56/6

Tone:—Quiet.

Australian Jan./Feb. sellers 60/9

Tone:—Quiet.

SEEDS.

London, Jan. 18.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata)—Quiet and in buyers favour.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Jan./Feb. paid £15 5/8

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Feb./Mar paid £15 5/8

Cottonseed Bombay Jan./Feb. shipment value £7½

Castorseed Bombay sellers Jan./Feb. ship[illegible]

Linseed Bombay Jan./Feb. sellers £19⅛

Rapeseed, Firozepore, Usual Bold, per ton Jan./Feb. sellers £20

Rapeseed, Toria, per ton Jan./Feb. sellers £20

Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, per ton, unquoted.

Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore, per ton Jan./Feb. sellers £19 5/8

Tone of Rapeseed:—Quiet.

Yellow Cawnpore Jan./Feb. shipment sellers £23½

JAVA SUGAR.

London, Jan. 18.

Tone:—Jan/March sellers 17

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta July/Sept. sellers 15/3

Tone:—July/Sept. sellers 15/5½

Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay July/Sept sellers 15 6½

Tone:—Firm and not much doing.

London, Jan. 16.

Cuban Sugar Jan/Feb. value 11.

METALS.

London, Jan. 18.

English best Selected Copper £63 3/4

Standard Copper G.M.B. 58 13/16

Copper Braziers £74 1/2.

Yellow Metal 69 3/4.

Hard Spelter 33 1/2

Corrugated Sheets £16 1/2.

London, Jan. 18.

Tin Block 270.

LINSEED.

London, Jan. 18.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags £18 1/8 Feb value £17 5/8 a.m. done.

Tone:—Quiet and in buyers' favour.

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net Jan/April paid 30 7½

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net May/Aug. paid 30/9

COLOUR MARKET.

Bombay, Jany. 19.

Alizarine 20 per cent Cow Rs. 68.

Alizarine 20 per cent. Lunger Rs. 58.

Alizarine 20 per cent. Big Pac Rs. 60.

Napthol A. S. Rs. 6.

Napthol A.S.B.S. Rs. 7.

Scarlet Rs. 2/12/0.

Indenthrine Blue Rs. 3/12/0.

Indenthrine Violet Rs. 5/14/0.

Magenta Crystals Rs. 5/8/0.

Malachite Green Rs. 3/6/0.

Indigo Rs. 2.

Nigrosine Crystals Rs. 1/5/0.

Hemetine Crystals Rs. 0/12/0.

Crysophinine Rs. 4/12/0.

Sulphur Black Rs. 0/11/0.

TONE AND REMARKS:

Demand is fair. Prices are almost steady Indenting business is less than normal Stockists are forming a syndicate of manufacturers.

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Jan. 19.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 18th January, 1926.

	Bales. Bales.
Cotton	24,457
	Cwts.
Wheat	5,642
Linseed	988
Rape, etc.	857
Gingellyseed	1,978
Poppyseed	260
Groundnuts	28,5[illegible]
Castorseed	13,219
Rice	1,837
Myrabollams	2,624
Cottonseed	23,014
Mowraseed	Nil.
Gram	167
Juwar	15
Masur	Nil.
Barley	499
Bajri	998
	Tons.
Coal	480

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, Jan. 19.

3½ per cent. Rupee Paper Rs. 69/15.

4 per cent. Conversion Loan [illegible] Rs. 87/8.

5 per cent. War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 96/4

5 per cent. Loan due 1935, Rs. 96/4

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 100/4.

5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55, Rs. 100/3.

5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928, Rs. 105/8.

6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1926 Rs. 100/9

6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1927, Rs. 101/9.

6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930, Rs. 104/2

6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931, Rs. 104/10.

6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932, Rs. 105/4.

6½ per cent. Bombay Devp. Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 109/2.

4 per cent. Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 75/8.

4 per cent. Municipal due 1974 Rs. 75.

6 per cent. Bombay Municipal due 1954, Rs. 102/6

4 per cent. Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 75.

6 per cent. Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 101.

Tone of Market:—Quiet.

SHARES.

London, Jan 19.

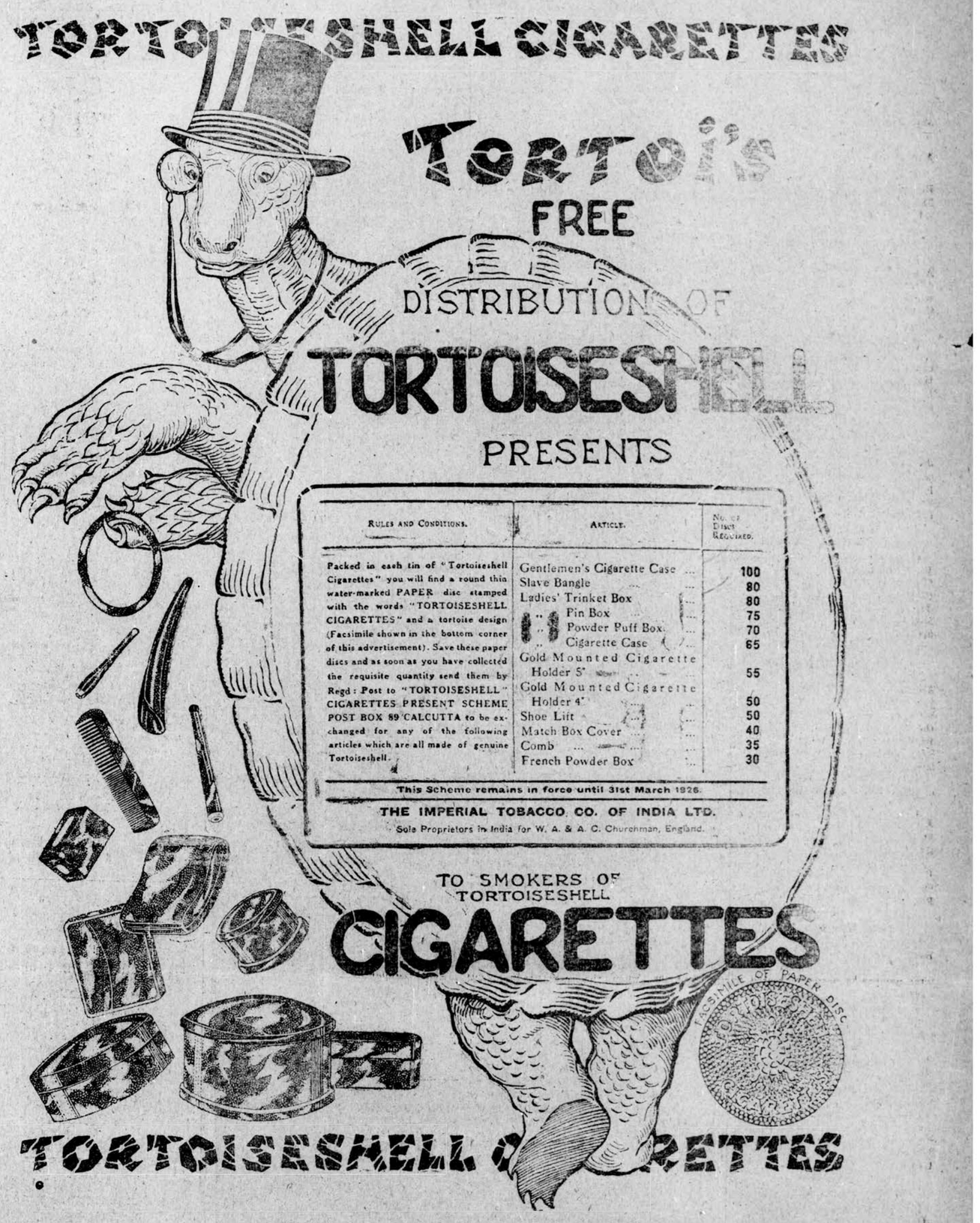
Hongkong £12[illegible]

Chartered Bank £21½

National Bank £47

P. & O. Bank £9½

Eastern Bank £6


TORTOISESHELL CIGARETTES
TORTOISE'S
FREE
DISTRIBUTION OF
TORTOISESHELL
PRESENTS
RULES AND CONDITIONS.
ARTICLE.
NUMBER OF DISCS REQUIRED.
Packed in each tin of "Tortoiseshell Cigarettes" you will find a round thin water-marked PAPER disc stamped with the words "TORTOISESHELL CIGARETTES" and a tortoise design (Facsimile shown in the bottom corner of this advertisement). Save these paper discs and as soon as you have collected the requisite quantity send them by Regd: Post to "TORTOISESHELL" CIGARETTES PRESENT SCHEME POST BOX 89 CALCUTTA to be exchanged for any of the following articles which are all made of genuine Tortoiseshell.
Gentlemen's Cigarette Case ... 100
Slave Bangle ... 80
Ladies' Trinket Box ... 80
" Pin Box ... 75
" Powder Puff Box ... 70
" Cigarette Case ... 65
Gold Mounted Cigarette Holder 5" ... 55
Gold Mounted Cigarette Holder 4" ... 50
Shoe Lift ... 50
Match Box Cover ... 40
Comb ... 35
French Powder Box ... 30
This Scheme remains in force until 31st March 1926.
THE IMPERIAL TOBACCO CO. OF INDIA LTD.
Sole Proprietors in India for W. A. & A. C. Churchman, England.
TO SMOKERS OF TORTOISESHELL
CIGARETTES
FACSIMILE OF PAPER DISC
TORTOISESHELL CIGARETTES

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

Bombay Winter Meeting, 9th Day.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

THURSDAY, JAN. 21.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

SATURDAY, Jan. 23.

Bombay Winter Meeting, 10th Day.
The s.s. Razmak with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Bombay Sanitary Association a magic lantern lecture will be delivered by Dr. P. G. Ketkar, on "Consumption" to-day (Wednesday), in Kamati's Chawl, at Delisle Road, at 8-0 p.m. (S. T.).

DR DESHMUKH'S CANDIDATURE

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh is standing as a candidate on behalf of the Swaraj Party at the coming bye-elections of the Bombay Legislative Council from the University constituency.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Superscribed mails for Singapore and Japan per s. s. "Kurohime Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 6.30 p.m. on Wednesday, the 20th instant, instead of on Thursday, the 21st instant, as previously notified.

TEACHING OF ENGLISH

At a meeting of the Bombay Teachers' Union to be held in Secondary Training College Hall at 6 p.m. (S. T.) to-morrow (Thursday), Mr. Hamley will introduce a debate on "Direct Method vs. Translation Method of Teaching English." Teachers are invited to attend.

CERTIFICATES FOUND

Four certificates of Book-keeping and Accountancy superscribed as "Mr. Vachharajani Dinkerai Ganpatrai of Karachi" have been found by an office peon some where in the Fort. The owner should call at the following address: Sadashiv A. Golatkar, 82, Amritwadi, Girgaon Back Road, Bombay 4.

BOMBAY PROV. CONGRESS COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Council of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held on Saturday (the 23rd instant) at the Congress House, at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.).

An adjourned meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held on Saturday (the 23rd instant) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the Congress House.

BACHUBAI DISPENSARY

At the charitable dispensary of the late Bai Bachubai wife of Shet Kanji Kursondas, conducted by the Social Service League the total number of patients treated during the last month (December) was 1,538, out of which number 804 were women and 734 children, 404 being boys and 330 girls. The average daily attendance of patients was 57.

WIRELESS CONCERT

The Bombay Municipality by arrangement with the Bombay Presidency Radio Club will give its eleventh open air wireless concert to-day (Wednesday), from 6 to 7-30 p.m. A programme of music has been arranged by Mr. E. Daine Dawson and can be listened to in the Sir Pherozshah Mehta Gardens.

AN INDIAN'S SUCCESS.

Mr. B. M. Jolly has returned to India after achieving success in England. During his stay abroad he qualified himself in the Bachelor of Commerce (B. Com.) degree of the London University and specialised in Banking and Finance. He is also, a Fellow of the Royal Society of Economics London and a member of the American Academy of Political Science.

HOMEOPATHIC CHARITABLE DISPENSARY

Dr. B. V. Rayakar, Medical Officer in charge of the Homoeopathic Charitable Dispensary, Fort, reports that during the year under report 1924-1925, 3987 patients in all were treated; of whom 1787 were males, 1798 females, and the remaining 402 were children. The distribution of patients by castes who attended the Dispensary during the year under report was as under:—2,014 Parsees, 1,534 Hindus, 382 Mahomedans and 57 Anglo-Indians.

ZOROASTRIAN JASHAN COMMITTEE.

The Elocution Prize Competition Examination of the Parsi Students attending Colleges of all faculties will be held under the auspices of the Zoroastrian Jashan Committee, at Bai Gamudia School premises, Princess Street, on Sunday (the 31st inst.) at 10 a.m. (S.T.) instead of on Sunday (the 24th idem) as announced heretofore.

JAMNABAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY AT GHATKOPAR

The above Dispensary maintained by the Trustees of the late Mr. Meghji Valabhdass' Charity Fund under the supervision of Dr. Kantilal C. Kahi, M.B.B.S., report that during the year ending 31st December, 1925, 5,518 new patients attended the dispensary, of whom 2,688 were males, 1,708 females and 1,122 were children under the age of 10 years.

DRAMA IN AID OF HOSPITAL

A Jewish historical play "Queen Esther" in Marathi prose and verse, composed by Mr. Joseph David Penker, will be staged by the amateurs, the Penker Singing Club, Bombay, to-morrow (Thursday night) in the Coronation Theatre, Grant Road, Bombay, expressly in aid of the Peoples' Free Hospital, Bombay. The Jewish as well as the other public of Bombay are requested to encourage the Club and promote the cause of the Hospital by their presence at the performance.

UNSUCCESSFUL RUSE TO SMUGGLE CHARAS.

PATHAN MEN & WOMEN CONVICTED

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Excise Inspector Hudson charged three Pathan women, Begum Jan Zora Bemal and Khansahebi Abdulla along with two Pathans Ahmed Edria and Mohmed Isak with importing charas valued at Rs. 4,582 without a permit. It appeared from the evidence that the three Pathan women who resided in the North-West Provinces were in search of employment. The two Pathan accused engaged them and promised them good jobs in Bombay. They then gave them leather waistcoats filled with charas and asked the women to put them on to protect themselves from cold. They were then taken in a motor car to the nearest railway station, Delhi, and thence the three women and the two Pathan principals came to Bombay. When the north East passenger train came to Thana station on the 28th December last an excise constable saw them conversing in a low tone in a suspicious manner, near the women's compartment, and therefore he followed them as far as Byculla station. The constable arrested the two men at Byculla and phoned to the Excise Inspector Mr. Hudson, to meet him at Victoria Terminus station where the three women were also arrested, and on search being made charas valued at Rs. 4,582 was found concealed in their waistcoats. The tickets of all the five accused were from Delhi to Bombay and bore consecutive numbers.

The women were tried first and were sentenced, to suffer one day's simple imprisonment.

The three Pathans were also convicted. The first accused was sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 or in default, two months' further rigorous imprisonment. The second accused was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 or in default one month's rigorous imprisonment.

FATAL BURNS.

Bawsabai Gopal (35), residing with her husband in a chawl at Mahaluxmi, was seated near the fire warming herself on the 13th instant when her sari caught fire and she was burnt all over her body. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital where she died on Monday, death being due to shock resulting from burns.

At an inquest held by the Coroner, the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

HEALTH OF BOMBAY.

During the week ended the 16th instant the total mortality 571 was 72 more than in the preceding week; the death-rate registered was 23.21. These figures compare favourably with those for the 3rd week of 1925 when the mortality was 724 and death-rate 29.89 and with those for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quenquennium 1921-1925 when the average mortality was 856 and death-rate 36.51

Out of the total deaths 135 were among infants under one year of age; 15 deaths occurred among recent arrivals from the mofussil who at the time of their death had resided for less than ten days in the city. Cholera and plague were absent during the week. Small-pox caused 19 attacks and 9 deaths. The number of live-births registered during the week was 387 as against 411 for the 3rd week of 1925 and 420 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1921-1925).

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION.

The postponed Annual Elocution Competition will be held in the Hall of the Union, Chowpatty Sea Face, on Sunday, the 31st inst. at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

The Rahimtoola Ebrahim Cup and three prizes by the Hon. Mr. Justice Mirza, President of the Union, of Rs. 50, Rs. 30, and Rs. 20 will be awarded to the first three competitors in order of merit. The entries close on the 29th instant.

ALL-BANDRA BADMINTON TOURNAMENTS.

Entries for the above Tournaments (open championships) will close on Monday (1st prox.). The drawings will take place on Wednesday, 3rd at 7 p.m. in St. Andrews' High School Hall. The Tournaments will begin on Sunday (7th prox.) and are expected to last a fortnight. For further particulars apply to the Joint Secretary, Mr. A. C. Pereira, 58, Canterbury Square, Bandra.

SPINNERS' ASSOCIATION

The office of the All-India Spinners' Association has been transferred to Aga Khan's Bungalow, Ellis Bridge, Ahmedabad. All communications therefore to the Secretary, A. I. S. A., must henceforth be sent to this new address and not to the Satyagraha Ashram, Sabarmati. Communications to the Technical Department of the A. I. S. A and all yarn quotas and correspondence relating thereto must, however, be addressed as heretofore to the Director, Technical Department, of the A. I. S. A., Satyagraha Ashram, Sabarmati.

MASS MEETING OF LABOURERS.

On Friday night a mass meeting of the labourers of Bombay was held at Parel, when Rai Saheb Chandrika Prasad presided. The President in his address explained to the men all the work which the Trade Unionists had done at Madras and especially dwelt on the numerous resolutions passed both at the sessions at Madras of the Trade Union Congress and the Railway Federation. Mr. Bhuklandas, Mr. Relo and others also explained the proceedings of the Madras Congress. Mr. Jhabvala, who spoke last, remarked that all the Congresses and Federations would yield no fruit whatsoever unless the men made a strong combination in themselves.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 19.

P C RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/6 1/8.
Bank's selling D D 1/6 5/32.

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/6 5/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/6 3/16.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 15/32.
Bank's buying T T 1/6 3/16.
Bank's buying D D 1/6 7/32.

PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 950.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 1015
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 1000.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 121.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 117.

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 160½.

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 204½.

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 156¼.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 272.

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dols. 4.86-1/8.
London—Paris Frcs. 128.80.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.13.
London—Brussels Frcs. 107.00.
London—Rome Liras 120.00.
London—Berlin Marks 20.35.

TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Exchange Market was steady.

London, Jan. 18.

Tele. Transfers 1/6 3/16 steady.
Bar Gold £4/4/11½ steady.
Bar Silver Spot 31 1/16 quiet.

London, Jan. 18.

Rentes 3 per cent. 50
Berlin Cheques on London 31 1/16
Bar Silver (Spot) 31 1/16
Closing tone of silver China selling India bought at fall closed quiet but steady.
Interest day to day loans 3½
Interest 7 days market loans 4
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 3/12/25

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 19.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1/6 5/32
Bank Demand	1/6 3/16
Doc. Acceptance 3 m/s.	1/6 7/16
Fcs. Demand	942
American Dollars	272½
Hongkong Dollars	160½
Shanghai	204½
Japan	121¼
Singapore	156¼

Market steady.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES.

Stockholm	18 16
Oslo	23 86
Amsterdam	12.09
Switzerland	25.16
Prague	16 460

The Bombay Mails of 2nd instant were delivered in London on 18th.

London, Jan. 18

Exchange on London in Paris 127.85
Exchange on London in Germany 20.411
Exchange on London in Italy 120 35

New York, Jan. 18.

Demand Bills 4.85.81

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, Jan. 19.

3 Months 4-7/8 per cent.
6 Months 4-15/16 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 5 per cent.
Money Call 4-1/2 per cent.
Money 1 Month 4-1/2 per cent.
Money 3 Months 4-3/4 per cent.
Money 6 Months 5 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Steady.
Imperial Bank of India Rate 6 per cent.

DISCOUNTS.

London, Jan. 18

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 4 7/8
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 4 15/16
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 5¼
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 5⅝
Rentes 5 per cent. 13¼

BULLION.

Bombay, Jan. 19.

Sovereigns Ready 13-5-0
Sovereigns Forward 13-5-0
National Bank Bar Gold 21-6-0
Bar gold ready Rs. 21-1-6.
Bar gold forward Rs. 21-2-0.
Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 21-3-3.
Bar silver ready, Rs. 70-3-0..
Bar silver 1st settlement, Rs. 70-3-0.
Bar silver 2nd settlement, Rs. 70-2-0.

London, Jan. 18.

Bar gold ready, s. 84-11½.
Silver ready, d. 31-1.
Silver forward, d. 31-1.

TONE OF SILVER—
Uncertain. Market closed with buyers at the price. China sold. Buyers came in after the price had been fixed. Market has a more steady appearance.

STOCKS, ETC.

London, Jan. 18.

Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £86 7/8 unchanged.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £93 +1/8.
War Loan 5 per cent 1929/47 £100 7/8 unchanged.
Conversion Loan £75 5/16 unchanged.
Indian Loan 5½ per cent £101 unchanged.
Indian Loan 7 per cent £104 1/2 unchanged.
Consols 2½ per cent 55 3/8 +1/8.
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent 52 unchanged.
Indian Stock 3½ per cent (Sterling Loan) 66 7/8 unchanged.
Govt Securities 3 per cent 57 1/2 unchanged

GOLD.

Bombay, Jan. 19.

Ready:—21/1/6.
Vaida Maha:—Opening 21/1/9. At 6 p.m. 21/1/9.
Vaida Fagan:—Opening 21/3. At 6 p.m. 21/3.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Maha:—Opening 0/0/6.
Vaida Fagan:—Opening 0/1/6.
Tone:—Market quiet.

SILVER.

Bombay, Jan. 19.

Ready:—70/3.
Vaida Maha:—Opening 70/1. Highest 70/3. At 6 p.m. 70/3.
Vaida Fagan.—Opening 70/-. Highest 70/2. At 6 p.m. 70/2.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Maha:—Opening 0/9/0.
Vaida Fagan:—Opening 1/-.
Tone:—Market steady.

COTTON.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

London, Jan. 19.

Future Delivery Prices:—

January	10.51+.09
March	10.47+.09
May	10.34+.08
July	10.18+.08
October	9.74+.04
January	9.62+.04

EGYPTIANS.

March	17.55 unchgd.
May	17.50 unchgd.
July	17.45 unchgd.

London, Jan. 18.

Belgium	107.03
Athens	356.50

Cuban Sugar 11 Jan.-Feb. value.

UNIVERSITY BYE-ELECTION.

CONGRESS CANDIDATE.

We understand that Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, M.D., F.R.C.S. (London), has been officially adopted as the Congress candidate for the Bombay University seat by the Bombay Swarajist Party. The Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee has also agreed to support him.

RECRUITMENT OF PROBATIONERS FOR JUDICIAL SERVICE.

A Government Press Note says:—

The Government of Bombay has decided to recruit during the year 1926-1927 eight to twelve probationers for appointment as Subordinate Judges in the Judicial Branch of the Bombay Civil Service. The selection will be made from persons who are not already in Government service and who fulfil the conditions prescribed by rules I and II of the rules for admission to the Judicial Branch of the Bombay Civil Service. Applications are accordingly invited which must be in the prescribed form and which must be submitted to the Registrar, High Court, Appellate Side, Bombay, with such testimonials as the candidate may think fit to attach. The latest date fixed for the receipt of applications by the Registrar is the 15th March, 1926. Copies of the form of application can be obtained from the Registrar on payment of a fee of rupee one for each form.

DHOLKA DHANDHUKA RAILWAY.

Mr. Narotam B. Shaha of Bombay has submitted a petition to His Excellency the Governor in Council, Bombay asking for the extension of the Dholka Dhanduka Railway to Dholera Bunder. It is stated in the petition that Dholera was formerly a prosperous port with a population of 12,000 and an annual trade of 170 lacs but that now the population is reduced to about 4 thousand and its trade to 12 lacs a year. The petitioner hopes that the railway extension asked for, if granted, will help Dholera to recover some of its old prosperity.

ABOLITION OF FIRST CLASS TAXIS.

POLICE COMMISSIONER'S PROPOSAL FOR FLAT RATES.

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

The Commissioner of Police has proposed to revise the scale of hire for motor vehicles plying within the town and island of Bombay. For any distance within the city of Bombay a flat rate of annas 8 will be charged for the first one mile, and annas 2 for each subsequent quarter of a mile. The detention fare will be annas 2 for every four minutes or Rs. 1/14/0 per hour. In addition to these rates the driver of a taxi car or cab will be entitled to a charge of annas 2 per package or article of luggage outside the vehicle. Persons likely to be affected by the proposed revision of the rates of fare are requested to submit their objections in writing to the Commissioner of Police within one month from the date of publication of the notification in the "Bombay Government Gazette."

TO-DAY'S RACES.

WINTER MEETING: 9TH DAY

SELECTIONS BY "SENEX."

THE BELLASIS PLATE.—6 Fur. Div. 2-15 p.m.

GOORJEE	1
WATCHMAKER	2
CHEERFUL	3

THE BELLASIS PLATE. 6 Fur. Dn. II. 2-45 p.m.

NADDAS	1
NAJIAN	2
BEAUTY	3

THE BELLASIS PLATE. 6 Fur. Div. III. 3-15 p.m.

KANZE	1
HOPEFUL	2
RAAD	3

THE BELLASIS PLATE. 6 Fur. Div. IV. 3-45 p.m.

SAAD	1
TRUSTY	2
MIJRIN	3

THE BELLASIS PLATE. 6 Fur. Div. V 4-15 p.m.

WELDON	1
ROYAL GEORGE	2
MANSOOR BEG	3

THE CROXETH HANDICAP. 6 Fur. 4-45 p.m.

EZE	1
BELLE SYME	2
WHIT WEEK	3

THE AYRSHIRE PLATE. 1 Mile, 1 Fur. 5-15 p.m.

GEORGE PHILLIPS	1
GREEN ISLET	2
MARMION	3

THE ROCKHAMPTON PLATE. 7 Fur.

ROCK ROSE	1
POET'S DREAM	2
DESERT GOLD	3

THE MAHIM PLATE. 1 Mile. 6.15 p.m.

ROSCOFF	1
ZULU	2
GOSUB	3

KALYAN SHIELD TOURNAMENT.

The Dombovli Sports Club won against G. I. P. Railway in the final contest of the above Tournament by 122 runs thus securing the Shield for the season. The Dombovli Sports Club made 85 runs in the 1st innings and 126 runs in the 2nd innings Edekar contributing 49 in each innings. The G. I. P. Railway replied poorly scoring 45 and 43 respectively. The chief feature of the game was the excellent performance of Mr. Edekar in both batting and bowling, taking 6 wickets for 18 runs in the 1st innings and 7 wickets for 27 runs in the 2nd innings.

TENNIS AT SECUNDERABAD.

SECUNDERABAD, Jany. 19.

In the Secunderabad Gymkhana Mixed Doubles Tennis Tournament Final Major Meredith and Miss Tollinton defeated Col. Anderson and Miss Barfield in two straight sets, score in both sets being 6/3. The Tournament was played on the American system.—A. P.

N. I. QUADRANGULAR CRICKET TOURNAMENT.

LAHORE, Jan. 19.

The Northern India Quadrangular Cricket Tournament will commence here on March 6.

The first match will be between Hindus and Mahomedans. The match between Sikhs and Europeans will commence on March 9. The final contest which will be played to a finish commences on March 12.—A. P.

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

The 7th Annual Settlement Exhibition of Industries will be held on 27th, 28th and 29th instant at the Criminal Tribes Settlement Hubli. The Exhibition is limited to Criminal Tribes Settlements of the Bombay Presidency.

DONATIONS FOR NATIONAL BABY WEEK.

The following donations were received for the funds of the National Baby Week (Bombay Branch):—

	Rs.
Bombay Municipal Corporation	5,000
Bombay Improvement Trust	500
Bombay Presidency Infant Welfare Society	500
Mrs. Cowasjee Jehangir	500
Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, Bart.	200
Mrs. Sitabai D. Khote, in memory of Dr. Dwarkanath R. Khote	100
Mr. J. K. Dubash	100
Mr. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy	100
Collections through Mrs. H. P. Mody	605
Collections through Mr. S. D. Saklatvala, Bombay Millowners' Association	2,950
Total	10,555

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

(Through Nowroji Hormasji and Co; Frere Road, Fort).

MAY.

	19th January, 1926.
Previous Closing Rate	19 96
To-day's Opening Rate	19.90
Difference	—.06
To-day's Closing Rate	19.75
Difference	—.21

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, Ismail Bldg, Hornby Road, Bombay).

MAY.

	19th January, 1926.
Previous Closing Rate	10.26
To-day's Opening Rate	10-35
Difference	+.09
To-day's Closing Rate	10 31
Difference	+.05

Khandi Closing Rate	Rs 361 0-0
Sewri Closing Rate	Rs 361 0-0

BERAR LITERARY CONFERENCE.

EUTMAL, Jany. 18.

The third Berar Literary Conference held here for two days under the presidency of Mr. N. C. Kelkar has passed resolutions recommending on all possible occasions the use of vernaculars and of the Modi script and urging the advisability of the C. P. University conferring the degree of M. A. on graduates who have shewn special proficiency in research work in history and literature. One resolution expresses regret at the action of certain schools in having abandoned the medium of the vernaculars and strongly recommends them to adopt it again. Two resolutions deal with the grievances of the Marathi-speaking population in the Nizam's Dominions. One resolution deplores that Urdu has been made the compulsory medium of instruction and urges the supreme necessity of the Marathi language being adopted as the medium of instruction for the Maharashtra students in the Usmania University instead of Urdu. The Hon. Mr. Keshaorao has invited the next year's Conference to Hyderabad, Deccan.

DEATH OF A PHILANTHROPIST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MAHUVA, Jan. 12.

Widespread sorrow has been occasioned in the various towns and villages of the Bhavnagar State by the sad death of Shriyut Labhshankar Jiwanlal. Born in humble surrounding the deceased gradually won his way to fame, and even when surrounded by countless temptations which beset his path as a responsible police officer for over 30 years he showed unexampled honesty of purpose and single-minded devotion to lofty ideals he had cherished through life. From the impressionable years of early youth to the moment of death he remained a dedicated spirit, sacrificing his comforts to make others happy. Wherever he went the poorer classes flocked to his resident and were fed by him or his people.

Nor was his mode of life after retirement from service less exemplary. He devoted the major part of his time in saying prayers and reading sacred books of the Hindus.

MENTAL HOSPITALS IN BOMBAY.

According to the annual report for 1924, there are six Mental Hospitals in the Bombay Presidency and the number of patients treated in them was 2,002, an increase of 69 over the previous year, the number of admissions being 535. 276 of th inmates were Criminal Insanes. During the year 285 patients were discharged recovered, 41 improved, 32 not improved and 25 were discharged otherwise.

Of the persons admitted during the year, 23 were Europeans and Eurasians, 25 Indian Christians, 340 Hindus and 142 Mahomedans. Domestic servants and labourers formed the largest number of admissions followed by cultivators, clerks, mendicants, merchants and traders. The great majority of them were between 20 and 40 years of age.

In those cases where the causes of insanity could be ascertained the abuse of intoxicants was the chief cause of lunacy; mental stress, mental instability and toxic diseases coming next in order.

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Dr. H. K. GHOSE, M.B. (Homoe.)
Homoeopathic Physician,
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Bombay No. 2.

Hours:—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m.

The Bombay Chronicle.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1926.

FINANCING THE AGRICULTURIST.

The Co-operative Week, which opened with the inauguration on Tuesday last of the All-India Registrars' Conference by Sir Leslie Wilson, closed on Saturday afternoon with a representative meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Central Co-operative Institute, of co-operators from all provinces to consider the desirability of convening periodically an Indian Co-operative Congress. The idea was heartily welcomed and a central board was constituted, comprising three representatives from each province and State, one to represent the central propagandist and educational body, another the apex bank and the third the Co-operative Department. The Registrars' Conference which, in one of its resolutions, has arrogated to itself the title of the Indian Co-operative Conference, decided that its sessions should be held once every two years although the need for the Registrars' meeting in Conference, if it has already not disappeared, will surely pass away when the scheme for a Co-operative Congress materializes itself. The third gathering of the Week, the Conference of Provincial Banks, did well not to commit itself to the expression of any definite view about having conferences in future at stated intervals, but, agreeing with the suggestion thrown out by its President, Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, appointed a standing committee to discuss matters of common interest, to promote joint effort to establish closer touch between the various provincial banks and to draw up, if necessary, rules for an association. If an association is brought into being it will be its first business to determine, if any periodical conferences are necessary, either independently or in connexion with the proposed Co-operative Congress. As we indicated on a previous occasion, the presidential address delivered at the Registrars' Conference was a performance, which scarcely befitted the occasion. Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas's address at the Banks' Conference presents by its side, a striking contrast, being practical and not didactic, persuasive and not dogmatic. It started with a general survey of the progress of co-operative banking in India and ended with a critical examination of the matters to be placed before the Conference. Some of the subjects discussed at the two conferences being identical, the resolutions they adopted on these points were similar in substance. The two most important of these related to the development of closer relation with the Imperial Bank of India and the organisation of arrangements for land mortgage credit. The Imperial Bank of India, as bankers for the State, owe a special responsibility to the co-operative credit movement, inasmuch as co-operative banking is to-day principally concerned with the financing of agriculturists from whom the State derives the bulk of its revenues. The Banks' Conference considered the proposal of organising an all-India State-aided Bank at the apex, to absorb or federate the existing provincial banks, and it was resolved to refer the question to the proposed association for further investigation and report. If the relations with the Imperial Bank of India are developed, as suggested, and co-ordination in working on lines indicated in several of the resolutions is achieved through the association to be started, even the weakest and most unfavourably situated bank will find most of its difficulties solved and its disabilities considerably reduced. There will then only remain the need for raising long-term capital for the financing of schemes, for relief of rural indebtedness and for land improvements and agricultural development. This need, both the Conferences agreed in holding, could best be met by the organisation of land mortgage banks for small areas, the debentures of which should be issued through a central agency, preferably the provincial bank. Government were requested to recognise the bonds as trustee securities and to guarantee the payment of interest.

Most of the other resolutions of the Registrars' Conference were concerned with matters of administrative detail, but we cannot too strongly condemn the resolution on the subject of starting an all-India co-operative journal. No doubt, a national outlook is required in co-operation as in other matters, but one of the provincial journals, at least, is being conducted on a basis, which, according to the testimony of officials themselves, makes it interesting and attractive to co-operators in the other provinces and even in the West. Apart, however, from this aspect, the proposal is thoroughly objectionable because it sets up an editorial board to issue the journal from Delhi, on which board the two most prominent names are those of the Deputy Secretary of the Department in charge of Co-operation at the Government of India and the Registrar of Co-operative Societies in the Punjab, a province where co-operation is a field from which, so far as possible, the educated classes are strictly kept aloof. Run, as it will be, from Delhi, under the aegis of these official "experts," the proposed journal cannot but be an exponent of the official view in matters of controversy, and of the official theory of Indian poverty of which we had so excellent a presentation in Mr. Calvert's address. And it is to the financing of this scheme of official publicity that the Registrars' Conference has the hardihood to ask provincial representative federations and propagandist bodies to subscribe. We doubt if these popular bodies will be so easily caught in the net as our "experts" fondly imagine.

THE SITUATION IN FRANCE.

Will M. Doumer, the French Finance Minister, be able to cajole the bourgeois interests in the Chamber of Deputies into acceptance of his financial proposals by a concession here and there, although his central idea of financial reform by way of increasing the tax on business transactions has been summarily rejected by the Chamber? There appears to be a very good possibility of his success, as, according to the latest French papers, France is tired of this financial uncertainty which the industrialists in the country attribute to the machinations of the politicians, while the politicians attribute it to the selfishness of the industrialists and the agricultural classes, who are unwilling to shoulder the burden of any increase in taxation which will fall particularly on them. The man in the street cries out for a financial reform which all parties must be made to accept, and insists naturally enough that he will not stand any more inflation of the franc. The three groups of the Cartel, the Socialists, the Republican-Socialists and the Radical Socialists, stung into constructive effort by the criticism on the part of M. Loucheur and his group, that they were merely obstructing, have drawn up a common programme which hopes to make up the deficit of four milliards in the budget. They want a better enforcement of the income tax, retrenchment in administrative expenditure and increased taxation of securities, but the Radical Socialists who have five representatives in the Briand Ministry are fighting shy of M. Doumer's proposal of an increase in the turnover tax. It was an electoral cry of the Cartel to abolish it. It is significant, however, that no serious mention is made of a capital levy by the Extreme Left, and it is very likely that the persuasive eloquence of M. Briand and the soft manners of his Finance Minister will secure them success over a remodelled finance bill.

Notes of the Day.

On the War-Path

Mr. Chintamani, the Moderate ex-Minister with a genuine capacity for giving strong evidence against Dyarchy, proposes to do something special for a year. But, unlike Mahatma Gandhi, he is not going to have a year's rest. Imitation of Mahatmaji's idea would have given him an excellent opportunity for leisurely retrospect of the present Liberal debacle, but Mr. Chintamani wants on the contrary to be on the war-path. For a year he will give up editing his paper, the "Leader", and preach all over the land the gospel of working the Reforms—which as a Minister he found to be unworkable.

A "Message" from Bryan.

Our spiritualists in India, who held their Conference in Cawnpore during Congress week, will, no doubt, be immensely interested in some exciting news from America. The spirit of William Jennings Bryan has been saying very lively things in an "interview" given to a leading British medium. W. J. Bryan stated that the spirit of Abraham Lincoln had taken charge of him and was instructing him in his new life. He was in distinguished company. Roosevelt was there along with Lord Northcliffe. The Bryan "message" warned America that she must abandon materialism and cultivate tolerance, if she hopes to escape impending disaster, which coming from the spirit of the chief protagonist of the bigoted intolerance of "Monkeyville" is quite encouraging.

Quite Another Story.

Mr. S. L. Silam has in his letter published in "The Chronicle" emphasised the need of Kutchra motor lorries and "round dust bins" in the ward he represents in the Corporation and wants to ask the Municipal Commissioner: "What about the Kutchra Depot which is next door to Kamatipura?" This is, indeed, hard lines on that officer. Only the other day he declared that the Kamatipura streets were so clean that one could take his dinner on them. And now comes this lament that Kamatipura is neglected and stands next door to the depot for storing up debris. Mr. Silam will no doubt realise that the Commissioner is just now too busy persuading the city to tax itself more to spare time for more efficient sanitary measures.

His Offence.

The "Straits Budget", a Singapore paper, is very angry with Professor Holmes of the Pennsylvania University of America, for attending the Cawnpore Congress and assuring the audience that America will "give Indians sympathy and support in the movement for the freedom of India." It professes to have no knowledge who Professor Holmes is, but says it does know "that for the nationals of one country to interfere in the political affairs of another is not considered good form—is in fact an international offence." We suppose this convenient code of extolling non-interference comes into operation only after Empires have been built up. When the British built up theirs, interfering in the political affairs of every kind of people, it was no doubt with the sole object of promoting international amity!

The University Seat.

There are now only two candidates for the Bombay University seat in the local Legislative Council, our apostle of Responsive Co-operation in this city having finally decided not to re-contest the vacancy his resignation created. Mr. Jayakar being unwilling to make an early test whether the R. C. doctrine is held in high regard by this special electorate limited to graduates of over seven years' standing, Dr. Paranjpye from Poona and Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, the well-known Bombay surgeon, are the two candidates in the field. Liberalism of the traditional milk and water type is to fight the robust Nationalism which stands by the Cawnpore Congress resolutions. Between the mathematical prodigy who was a distinguished failure as a Minister, and the man of medicine who has supported all nationalist movements and done excellent work in the Corporation the voters should have no difficulty in choosing. Dr. Deshmukh is the officially adopted candidate of the Swarajist Party, and Congressmen must give him overwhelming support.

The Official Propagandist.

It is not unusual for the Municipal Commissioner to do a little propaganda on behalf of the Government which has thrust him by statute on the Corporation, but he overdid his part on Monday when he tried to persuade the Corporation that if it rejected the Government offer regarding their contribution to the cost of primary education in this city, such an opportunity would not come again for a hundred years. It is indeed a wonderful offer. The Government proposed that the Corporation should agree to the levy of a stamp duty on transfer of property in Bombay and generously offered to surrender their claim to the proceeds which would be allocated to the Corporation to meet the increase in educational expenditure. The prospect held out by the Commissioner was dazzling. Let the yield be 25 lakhs or 25 crores the Corporation would have all of it. But the Corporation was unmoved by the appeal. Its claim that it must be financed in adequate proportion from provincial revenues to meet its increased educational liabilities stands undisputed, however dexterously the Government may try to wriggle out of their previous promises.

Where There is a Will .....

The Government of Bombay seem to have strange notions about popularising the use of the municipal vote. They miss no opportunity of advertising their achievement of having "democratized" the Corporation, but their attitude about declaring the polling-day as a holiday illustrates their familiar policy of taking away with one hand what they give with the other. They plead that they cannot declare the polling-day, February 1, as a holiday because a public holiday cannot be declared under the Negotiable Instruments Act for the City of Bombay. They have been considerate enough to issue instructions to all heads of offices that Government servants who are voters should be allowed, if necessary, sufficient time off duty on polling-day to record their votes. But all voters are not Government servants and if the Negotiable Instruments Act is the only obstacle, there is no reason why the polling-day should not be declared a holiday for the whole Presidency. Not much inconvenience will be caused if the rest of the Presidency gets a holiday, while the absence of a holiday on February 1 will deprive a large number of voters in Bombay from exercising their right. Where there is a will there is a way.

Mr. Gordon Canning's Mission.

The refusal of the French Government to recognise Mr. Gordon Canning as the accredited representative of Abdul Kerim has evoked considerable interest in the Continental Press about this English interpreter of the Riffian leaders' desire for coming to terms with France and Spain. The "Europe Nouvelle" in its issue of December 26 last, makes the following penetrating analysis of his origin and career. Mr. Gordon Canning, the paper says, "is an authentic descendant of the great Canning, the Canning mentioned in history books. He is a Reserve Officer in the British Army and President of a "Riff Committee" which he himself founded. And he comes as the emissary of Abdul Kerim. Some say he is an apostle, others declare he is an adventurer. Hovering between the two views, they received him very well in Morocco. M. Steeg gave him an audience. The British Consul at Tangier had a discussion with him. Primo de Rivera sent to him one of his colonels. But at Paris the doors opened with less facility. After his arrival at Paris, Mr. Gordon Canning showed to French journalists a document written in Arabic by Abdul Kerim. He even gave them a translation. But the brainy people at the French Foreign Office were not convinced of the genuineness of the document. All that they understood was that the messenger from Riff brought no peace proposals, but came to demand what ours were." The paper adds that this has not mattered much to Mr. Canning. What he wants is to do propaganda amongst the deputies of the Left, the Socialist leaders, the Communists and the pressmen. And he has succeeded, as is proved by the fact that "he has already compelled the press to talk about him."

PARADOX OF RESPONSIVE CO-OPERATION.

BY X.

Once more a streak of light penetrates the present political darkness in the country! Two valiant gentlemen, one from Bombay and the other from Poona, are out to preach Responsive Co-operation. The cultured and eloquent barrister of Thakurdwar and the cool but calculating and cautious newspaper-editor, dramatist and essayist of Poona, have now, it appears, got everything ready between them for a great display of political sagacity.

Mr. Kelkar, on whose shoulders the mantle of his political chief fell after his death has always appeared embarassed in his new vestments! They have never suited him, and yet he has shown the rare courage of wearing them. A Moderate of the late Mr. Gokhale's type, by nature as well as by conviction he somehow happened to find his way into the camp of the late Lokmanya. Whether it was a matter of choice or of accident none but he can tell for certain to-day! He has all along struggled to accommodate himself to the surroundings in which he found himself. His political genius has never had any opportunity to find its native growth. He is of a very plastic nature, a person more fitted for literary and other quieter intellectual pursuits of the lighter order than for political work for which a robust nervous system and powerful lungs are necessary, to put it very bluntly.

Mr. Kelkar's present political bed-fellow is also a fine and cultured gentleman. He is, moreover, a man of vision and imagination unlike his matter-of-fact and unsentimental political colleague. How long this alliance will last is quite another affair—but it is true that necessity makes strange bed-fellows!

What Does It Mean?

What the intelligent countrymen of Messrs. Jayakar and Kelkar would like to know from them to-day, is the real meaning of "Responsive Co-operation"! What sort of response have they got in store for the soulless and unbending bureaucracy that continues systematically to flout the will of the people expressed through their representatives? When they are so busy finding fault with Pandit Motilalji and his ultimate reliance on "civil disobedience and no-payment of tax", have they got any other weapon with them in their armoury? They have none. Why should they not openly confess that they have come to the end of the resources of their political genius? The first moderate Assembly was told by the then Secretary of State in that it was "inexperienced and enthusiastic" and so it should not talk of further democratisation of the Indian Constitution! The present Assembly to which Mr. N. C. Kelkar belongs, has twice put forward the national demand, but Government has treated it with scant courtesy! There must be something to stir a responsive chord if there is to be Responsive Co-operation.

What is the Response to be?

Unless the country seriously thinks of evolving a sanction to back its demands, the Government will never, so far as we can see, concede them. That is a truth writ-large in the whole history of the British people. It is unfortunate, therefore, that instead of thinking of this with Panditji in the best interests of the nation, Messrs. Kelkar and Jayakar should try to put life into the mummy of Responsive Co-operation. It is clear by now to every political worker, that the Indian National Congress has been brought to such a stage by forced marches during the last four years, that no party howsoever influential it be, can hereafter hold its position long, unless it is prepared to go to the logical end of the position it once takes up. It is difficult to say to-day, what exactly the judgment of the future historian will be, when the time comes to assess the true value of the contribution of Poona politicians to the country's politics since 1921. Mr. Kelkar is to-day playing openly the part of a rebel from the ranks of the Swaraj Party. Let him do that—but will he enlighten his countrymen by telling them what will be his response, literary or otherwise, to Government. To talk of "storming the bureaucratic citadel from within" is an abuse of language pure and simple in the present circumstances. Figures of speech cannot any longer deceive anyone and they are never known to have transferred power from the rulers to the ruled anywhere in the whole history of the world; much less have they stormed any citadel!

If history records any example of a determined people who cultivated the art of obstruction and elevated it almost to the dignity of a science by its continuous and persistent practice, it is of the Irish National Party in the British House of Commons, from 1880 right up to the emergence of the Sinn-fein on the Irish political stage about 1905. But it is just at the stage where this wonderful phenomenon of parliamentary obstruction, a phenomenon which for some time baffled the English people, began in the House of Commons, that Mr. N. C. Kelkar's Marathi book on Irish history comes to an end, and one doubts if this delightful and gifted Marathi writer of commonsense essays on a variety of subjects can ever handle that later Irish history with the same ease and excellence as its earlier part. It is not in tune with his nature.

The Real Work for Swarajists

The real work for the Swaraj Party to-day is to consolidate its ranks and increase its strength, both in the Provincial and Central Legislatures in the 1926 general elections and sweep the board if possible and secure an absolute majority everywhere. There must be only two parties in the Councils, the party of the Government and the party of the people, before the question of taking office can be raised. Instead of doing this Messrs. Jayakar and Kelkar have chosen this hour to form another political group to add to the chaos that already exists. Without a common programme backed by the country there is no hope of political salvation. And that programme cannot be Mr. Kelkar's Responsive Co-operation, in the present state of the country.

SILK MERCHANTS' GRIEVANCE

The Japan and Shanghai Silk Piecegoods' Association have decided to stop all imports of silk piecegoods into India until the grievance under which the importing firms labour is removed. The grievance is stated to be the abnormal increase of the import duty on such goods, which was raised from 7½ per cent. in 1919 to 30 per cent. in 1921. The result of this increase has been that some of the merchants have resorted to the device of importing the goods through ports where they can avoid payment of the duty. Thus it has been found that silk goods have been imported from China and Japan to Bangkok where no duty is levied. From Bangkok they are brought over the Assam border to Rangoon, the duty payable through this route being only 3 per cent. From Rangoon the goods come to Bombay, of course, without payment of duty. The merchant who brings the goods to Bombay via this route has to pay, besides the 3 per cent. duty, certain other charges which do not amount to more than an additional duty of 3 per cent. Obviously against this merchant, another who imports his goods direct in Bombay port and pays the existing 30 per cent. duty has no fair chance of successful competition. To make the competition a fair one, the Japan and Shanghai Silk Piecegoods' Association demands the reduction of the import duty from 30 to 11 per cent. in order to revive the trade in imported silk gods. The grievance of the importing firms is genuine, but one is not sure if the remedy they suggest is the proper one. Apart from the financial difficulties of the Government of India, what India needs is not a revival of trade in cloth, whether silk or cotton, imported from outside, but an increasing consumption of cloth manufactured in the country itself. The merchants who compose the Japan and Shanghai Silk Piecegoods' Association will, therefore, serve the interests of India better if they direct their attention and business talents towards stimulating the increased use of Indian-made cloth. If, however, they elect to import foreign cloth, all that they are entitled to claim is that the evasion of the 30 per cent. duty is made difficult if not impossible by bringing the land tariff wall in line with the maritime one.

LAS PALMAS IN RUINS

HURRICANE SWEEPS OVER CANARY ISLANDS

TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Madrid.—Several persons have been seriously injured and hundreds rendered homeless as the result of a hurricane breaking on the Canary Islands According to messages from Las Palmas, a deluge of rain swelled mountain torrents, bridges, roads and train ways were swept away, and several villages were destroyed. Banana plantations were devastated, including one which was lately sold for a million pasetas being obliterated by the inrunning sea. Las Palmas is a desolate sight where a number of houses have collapsed, whole streets have fallen in, and even cemeteries have been wrecked and coffins torn out.—Reuter's Special.—Reuter's Special.

[Las Palmas, the capital of the Canary Islands is on the coast of Grand Canary. It is a free port and harbour of refugee. Its population is over 70,000.]

COARSE COTTON CLOTH FOR INDIA.

LANCASHIRE URGED TO START EXTENSIVE PRODUCTION.

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Urging Lancashire to start extensive production of cotton-cloth of coarser grades, Sir William Clare-Lees, ex-President of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce, in a speech, said that the growth of cotton in India and China was a factor that would have to be reckoned with. So long as the Eastern peoples were ready to buy cloth made from that cotton, Britain should strive for a share in business. He quoted statistics showing a remarkable increase of Japanese exports of piece-goods to China and a corresponding decline in Britain's share.—Reuter's Special.

LANKA OWNERSHIP DISPUTE

PRIVY COUNCIL DISMISSES APPEAL

LONDON, Jan. 18.

The Privy Council has upheld the decision of the High Court of Madras of 18th March 1920, affirming the decree and judgment of 31st December 1915 of the Subordinate Judge, Cocanada, in the suit preferred at the instance of Srimirza Raja Sultan Bahadur Garu substituted for Rai Saheb Krishnam Chari against the Secretary of State for India represented by the Collector of Godaveri. The suit arose from a dispute over the ownership of Lanka in Godaveri District. The appeal was dismissed.—Reuter's Special.

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

NO TRUTH IN REPORT OF ILLNESS

LONDON, Jany. 19.

Reuter is officially assured that there is no truth in the revived report of the illness of the Duke of Connaught who is declared to be well at Riviera. The Duke had cold when he arrived at Capserrat some weeks ago and was confined to his villa, but it is long since he had entirely recovered and been fulfilling a variety of engagements.—Reuter.

JAPAN'S PIG-IRON TARIFF.

RAISING NOT SANCTIONED.

LONDON, Jany. 19.

Tokio.—It is authoritatively learnt that the Cabinet, contrary to expectation and despite great pressure, last night decided against raising the tariff on pig-iron owing to "diplomatic and other reasons."—Reuter.

JUTE WORKERS OF DUNDEE.

MINIMUM RATES NOT TO BE ALTERED.

LONDON, Jany. 19.

A meeting of the Jute Trade Board of Dundee has rejected the demand of the workers to increase by 15 per cent. all minimum rates and also the counter-demand of the employers for reduction by 15 per cent.—Reuter's Special.

MERGER OF BIG STEAMER COMPANIES.

NIPPON YUSENSS AND TOYA KISENS.

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Tokio.—The directors of Messrs. Nippon Yusen Kaisha and Messrs. Toya Kisen Kabushiki Kaisha are separately discussing plans for a merger. A definite announcement is expected shortly. It is understood that the Nippon Yusen Kaisha will take over all the Pacific regular services and facilities in exchange for 100,000 shares while the Toyakishen Kaisha will, in future, confine its activity to tramp steamers.—Reuter's Special.

ANGLO-IRAQ TREATY

APPROVED BY IRAQ HOUSE OF COMMONS.

NATIONALISTS LEAVE CHAMBER

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Baghdad.—The Iraq House of Commons approved the new Anglo-Iraq Treaty today, 58 members voting for it. 20 members of the National Party, objecting to the manner in which the Treaty was rushed through Parliament without discussion, left the Chamber, declining to vote. The Premier explained that a speedy passage was essential in view of the forthcoming Anglo-Turkish negotiations over the Mosul Question at which he hoped the rights of Iraq would be respected. The new Treaty was virtually an extension of the former Treaty, but provision had been made for a periodic revision and the possibility of Iraq's entering the League of Nations which might terminate the duration of the Treaty before the maximum period of 25 years. Provision had also been made to review the mutual obligations every four years.—Reuter.

GERMAN CABINET.

DR. LUTHER'S LAST CHANCE.

LONDON, Jan. 19.

Berlin.—Dr. Luther's efforts to form a Coalition Cabinet comprising representatives of the Democrats, Centrists, German Peoples' and Bavarian Peoples' Parties have failed owing to differences between the Democrats and Bavarians. The former insisted that Herr Koch should be given the Ministry of Interior, whereas the Bavarians objected to Herr Koch as a danger to the Federal system on account of his strong democratic Republican views.

Dr. Luther makes a final effort to-day to bring the parties together, but in the event of his failure, which is very probable, the President will be faced with the alternatives of either asking Dr. Luther to form a Cabinet from experts or invite another politician to try his luck.—Reuter.

GERMAN DISARMAMENT

ALLIED COMMISSION'S REPORT.

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Berlin.—Regarded in the light of a German *demarche*, interest attaches to a periodical report of the Inter-Allied Military Control Commission, which has just been forwarded to Paris. It records a satisfactory progress in carrying out Allied demands concerning disarmament, and a fair progress with regard to the effectives. The date when the Commission will terminate its work depends on Germany's willingness to settle a few points at issue which are still outstanding.—Reuter.

ALLIED TROOPS IN RHINELAND

GERMAN REPRESENTATION

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Reuter learns that the British Government is at present devoting its attention to Germany's representation regarding the number of Allied troops in the Rhineland with a view to suitably replying to it after consultation with the French and Belgian Governments.—Reuter.

SCENE OF WILD DESTRUCTION.

CASUALTIES RESULT FROM FIRE.

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Berlin.—The whole street was a scene of wild destruction, a motor car was hurled away, and smashed to pieces, and all windows in the neighbourhood were broken.

The fire brigade was working feverishly, every moment threatened with further collapses owing to loosened masonry. The explosion caused an escape of gas which caught fire and spread to a chandlers' shop and ignited a barrel of benzine. In the house inhabited by 25 families 40 have hitherto been extricated of whom five were dead and 20 seriously injured.—Reuter.

The first Rajputana Provincial Agrawal Conference began at Jaipur on Monday. Delegates number about 1,500.

S. AFRICAN MENACE

PLEA FOR ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE.

MOTION IN COUNCIL OF STATE

MADRAS, Jan. 19.

Dr. U. Rama Rao will move in the Council of State a resolution regarding the South African Government's Anti-Asiatic Bill recommending to the Governor-General in Council to urge upon the South African Union Government the necessity of a Round Table Conference before any further action is taken by the Union Government in respect of the proposed Bill, and, in the event of the Union Government declining to accept their proposal and forcing legislation through in the Union parliament, to advise the Imperial Government to disallow the measure under section 65 of the South African Act.—A. P.

TANZIM PROPAGANDA.

CONFERENCE AT AJMER.

(From a Correspondent.)

AJMER, Jan. 18.

The Tanzim Conference met this afternoon at two. Dr. Saifuddin Kitchlew with his Secretary Allama Husainmir Kashmiri and staff had arrived on the 16th, while Maulanas Abdul Maji Quadir Badayuni, Mohamed Fakhir Bekhud Allahabadi, Mazharuddin, and others arrived this morning.

Maulana Mohiyuddin welcomed the Tanzim deputation on behalf of the Reception Committee. Maulana Syed Khulambhik Nairang, the President made an eloquent speech depicting the present conditions of the Muslim community and proving that the Tanzim scheme as concerted and promulgated by Dr. Kitchlew was the surest remedy for the existing evils, educational, social, religious, moral and economic. The address was full of constructive suggestions and was highly appreciated by the audience. He was followed by Maulanas Abdul Hamid Qadri Badayuni, Mohamed Fakhir and Syed Yadali who made short pithy speeches explaining the necessity and objects of the Tanzim movement.

The Tabligh Conference comes off to-morrow Maulana Abdul Majid Qadri Badayuni presiding.

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

(From a Correspondent.)

AJMER, Jan. 19.

The second session of the Tanzim Conference opened at 2 p.m. to-day. Syed Ghulambhik Nairang presided.

Dr. Kitchlew in the course of his speech reminded the audience of the high ideals of man's destiny embodied in the teachings of Islam and depicted how miraculous was the transformation effected by Islam in the lawless disorganised nomad Arab so as make him the conqueror of the greatest kingdoms of day. Be emphasised the need of organising Indian Mussalmans along the lines indicated by the Holy Quran, the life of the Holy Prophet and careers of great souls like Khawja Muinuddin Chishty, who in times of non-Muslim supremacy came to India alone, unassisted and unequipped with worldly resources but armed with the greatest moral and spiritual forces resulting from the truly Islamic life. He explained that the Tanzim movement was purely one of internal regeneration of the Muslim community without any desire to injure, attack or even resist any neighbouring community.

'PATRIKA'S" TRIBUTE TO LATE LORD CARMICHAEL.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 19.

In paying a tribute to late Lord Carmichael the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" says "his tolerance and equanimity of temper were really of a high order. During the five years he was in our midst we never spared any occasion to criticise his administration, but it reflected not a little credit on him that he never failed to realise that in all our actions we were actuated by the highest of motives and, therefore, he always entertained a very high opinion of the "Patrika."—A. P.

CABLE ITEMS.

London.—In the replayed Cup match, Derby beat Portsmouth by two goals to nil at Leicester.

In the final of the Bath Club squash racquets championship match, Captain Cazalet beat Captain Tomkinshon 15/8, 13/15, 17/16.—Reuter's Special.

London, Jany. 19.—The Prince of Wales in a message to the Empire Leprosy Relief Association commending its work specially thanks Lord Reading and Indian members of the Association for their generous support. Lord Chelmsford will preside at the annual meeting of the Association on 26th January.—Reuter's Special.

London, Jany. 19.—The death is reported of Mr. Hugh Spencer, C.I.E., formerly of the Indian Civil Service, and Hindustani and Hindi Censor at Cairo from 1915-19.—Reuter's Special.

Freemantle, Jany. 19.—The steamer "Maloja" has been released from quarantine as the suspected case of small-pox has proved to be one of measles.—Reuter's Special.

POLAR EXPEDITION

ITALIAN COL. TO COMMAND "NORGE"

ROUTE FIXED

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Oslo.—During a conference of the past few days, a contract was agreed to under which the Italian Colonel Nobile commands the airship "Norge" of the Polar Expedition and the route taken from Rome to Spitzbergen will embrace Marseilles, Paris Pulham, Leningrad, Vardoe, and the King's Bay. If Leningrad is not available the "Norge" will go from Pulham to Vardoe, via Oslo. There will be 16 or 17 aboard, including, besides Capt. Amundsen, Ellsworth, Lieutenants Riiserlarsen and Omdal of the last year's expedition and Captain Misting of Capt. Amundsen's ship "Maud." The remainder will be scientific experts and an Italian crew.—Reuter's Special.

BENGAL NATIONALIST PARTY.

TO TRY RESPONSIVE CO-OPERATION.

CALCUTTA, Jany. 19.

Speaking at a meeting of the Calcutta branch of the European Association on Tuesday night, Mr. B. Chakravarty, leader of the Nationlist Party in Bengal and in the Bengal Legislative Council, spoke on the policy which his party had adopted. In this policy they are pledged to work for the attainment of their goal as early as possible by constitutional means including parliamentary obstruction, constitutional deadlock and passive resistance if necessary, but excluding mass Civil Disobedience. To Mr. Chakravarty's mind any attempt at mass Civil Disobedience is a revolutionary measure, a measure which means a total refusal to pay taxes. "Mass Civil Disobedience," declared the speaker, "is no part of our policy."

Mr. Chakravarty advocated Responsive Co-operation which, he said, did not mean servitude but an act of adjustment between both the parties on a basis of freedom and good-will. He appealed to the European Association to make it possible for him to organise and Indianise an army for India which did not mean that the European, the Mahomedan or anybody else was to be excluded. "By Indianisation of the army I mean all the people who for better or for worse live in the country." "The Association of India with England" he declared "cannot be severed."—A. P.

EUROPEANS AND POLITICS.

MADRAS, Jan. 19.

At a dinner attended by the members of the Madras European Association Mr. C. E. Wood, who represented the Madras Branch at the annual Conference of the Association at Calcutta, gave a report of the proceedings. He expressed the opinion that the European Association should take its place as an important factor in the political life of India emulating the Associated Chamber of Commerce in that respect.—A. P.

C. I. D. IN U. P.

SUPPLEMENTARY DEMAND SANCTIONED BY COUNCIL.

LUCKNOW, Jan. 19.

The January session of the U. P. Council commenced to-day. To-day's business was limited to consideration of supplementary estimates and discussion of one unimportant non-official resolution.

The supplementary demand of Rs. 10,000 under the head police for additional provision of travelling allowance for C. I. D. met with strong opposition from the Swarajist benches. In the course of the debate several references were made to the arrests of some prominent Congressmen in connection with the Kakori conspiracy case. The demand was, however, voted by a majority of 31 votes.

The Council meets again to-morrow.—A. P.

IBN SAUD AND JAMAIT-UL-ULMA HIND

Secretary, Jamait-ul-Ulmai Hind wires from Delhi under date January 19:—

At Jamiat-ul-Amas' Working Committee meeting held in the Jamiat's office on the 15th January, Sultan Ibn Saud's invitation was considered and it was resolved that the following cable be sent to Sultan Ibn Saud:

"Thanks for letter dated 8th Radiussani Mootamir on coming Haj necessary Jamiat ready to send delegates but newspapers report of your being elected Malikul and your proclamation to that effect extremely astonishing. Anxious for causes and details."

The above cable has just been sent to Ibn Saud.

Messrs. Bhagwandin and Arjunlal Sethi who were invited at Hissar for the anniversary of the Punjab Jain Conference delivered lectures on Monday. Mr. Bhagwandin explained that Jainism preached unreserved cooperation between fellow men and kindness towards creatures of lower orders. Ahimsa is the prime command of Jainism, but it is not confined to non-injury and prohibits even harming one's feelings and susceptibilities.

INDIAN LEGISLATURE

SPIRIT OF DIGNITY AND COURTESY PREVAILING.

TRIBUTES TO M. L. A'S AND M. L. C'S.

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Before the East India Association, to-day, Mr. Howard, the newly appointed Editor of the "Pioneer" (Allahabad), delivered a lecture on his impressions of the first Indian Legislature, He said no body could be stigmatised as a failure which had solved the political problem of over 40 years' standing by means of the Racial Distinctions Removal Act and assisted in restoring the financial equilibrium by means of greatly increased taxation, and had generally created a high standard of Parliamentary tradition. Except for the very imperfect representation of agricultural and commercial communities, the Legislature had been able to attract a number of men who had no need to fear comparison with any in their own country who, by choice or lack of opportunity, had to remain outside, but the fact remained that party organisation, as it was understood in the West had not sprung up in India. He proceeded to pay a tribute to the self-restraint of legislators. He expressed the opinion that their manners were almost too perfect. The British members of Parliament ,who visited Delhi, had confessed that the Assembly was "pathetically polished and humdrum, and remarkably competent in the observance of Parliamentary form."

REFORMS AND EUROPEANS.

The speaker, continuing, said the duty of identifying itself with the interests of India and participating in its political life that was imposed by the Montagu-Chelmsford Report on the European non-official community had been fully and efficiently discharged by the representatives of European constituencies in the Central Legislature. He paid a tribute to the manner in which the permanent officials had discharged their double duties as officials and politicians simultaneously, especially Lord Rawlinson, "to whose share in getting Indian opinion into the right focus more attention will, perhaps, be paid when the time comes to weight up events of the past few years." Whatever form the Constitution of India eventually took, it would be found that to these men India owed a deep debt of gratitude. They had certainly created a common understanding of great purpose, and in so doing they had secured mutual appreciation of the difficulties which must be removed to clear the way for smooth development. It was not a small thing to have done that.

Sir Joseph Nunan, presiding, said having closely followed the debates of the Indian Legislature during his visit to India in 1924 he could testify to the fact that the debates were conducted in a spirit of good humour and dignity, which would do credit to Westminster.

FINE SPIRIT OF COURTESY.

Sir Campbell Rhodes congratulated, Mr. Howard as the first journalist in India to realise what the Reforms Scheme meant and develop journalistic lobbying. It was difficult for the people here to realise that a speech might be made breathing of racial hatred and indignation against Government, and that probably the speaker and the official attacked would be standing together, a few minutes later, laughing over the incident and exchanging cigarettes. A fine spirit of courtesy existed, and the speakers were always ready to withdraw any remarks that might cause the slightest offence.

Mr. R. K. Sorabji also referred to the great part that non-official Europeans, notably Sir Campbell Rhodes himself had played in establishing these high traditions of parliamentary life.—Reuter.

BANK NOTE SCANDAL

FUTILE ATTEMPT AT BISHOP'S ARREST

LONDON, Jan. 19.

Budapest.—The Public Prosecutor asked the examining magistrate to arrest Bishop Zadravecs, Chaplain-General of the Hungarian Army in connection with the bank-note scandal. The Magistrate refused and the Chamber of Indictments also declined to prosecute the Bishop on the ground that he was not engaged in criminal transactions and did not attempt to free from justice.

SMOKE OUT THE WASPS' NEST.

Count Apponyi in a speech at the Social Club declared that the supporters of legitimism were organising not on political but social lines and that the next step would be the institution of an organisation of Hungarian women under the presidency of Countess Apponyi. He added that the wasps' nest of forgers must be smoked out.—Reuter.

RACE FOR ARMAMENTS

BRITAIN NOT LEADING

LONDON, Jan. 19.

In a speech at Ludlow, reviewing the Government's record, the Rt. Hon. W. C. Brideman said it was not generally known that other great maritime powers, namely the United States, Japan, France and Italy, had laid down, after war, over 300 warships from cruisers downwards, while Britain's contribution was only 11 "So don't let anybody say we led competition in the new construction of warships."—Reuter.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

DELHI SESSION TO OPEN TO-DAY.

RECOGNITION OF SWARAJ PARTY.

(From Our Correspondent)

DELHI, Jany. 19.

The members of the Legislative Assembly are now in full strength for the Delhi session, which will be opened by the Viceroy to-morrow (Wednesday.) Pandit Motilal Nehru arrived here this morning with Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, Secretary of his Party, from Allahabad, while Mr. Jinnah is expected next week. I understand that every inch of space in the visitors' galleries of the Assembly has been booked for to-morrow to hear the oration of His Excellency. It is not known whether this is the last time when Lord Reading will address the Assembly, for he may yet choose to prorogue the Delhi session of the Central Legislature in public. However, great interest has been aroused by public expectation of certain announcements in Lord Reading's speech, although this is not in conformity with our previous experience. The interest is greater because of the South African question, the Public Service Commission to be constituted according to the Lee report and lastly, the Reforms regarding which question the Swarajists possess the support of the whole country as the result of the Cawnpore decisions.

SPECIAL BLOCK FOR SWARAJISTS.

To-morrow's sitting of the members in the Assembly Chamber will be watched with some interest, because I hear that the application of the Swaraj Party for allotment of a special block facing the Treasury benches has been granted by the President. This is the first recognition of this Party as His Majesty's Opposition in the Assembly. But it had to wait for Mr. Patel. The Swaraj Party despite certain recent defections under the leadership of Messrs. Jayakar and Kelkar command the majority view in the country and by this latest official recognition it will undoubtedly be the envy of Mr. Jinnah's party and others. An impression was recently created that Doctor Lohokare has resigned from the Assembly along with Messrs. Kelkar and Aney. This is incorrect for he resigned only the membership of the Swaraj Party, which he joined last year although he was not elected on the Swaraj Party's ticket.

I understand Mr. Jinnah, the Muslim Leader in the Assembly has given notice of a motion for the acceptance of the majority report of the Frontier Committee which is clearly against the minority report submitted by two members of the Committee (Messrs. Rangachariar and Samarth.) Mr. Jinnah has, I further gather, notified the motion for separation of judicial from executive functions.

SEQUEL TO MR. ANNEY'S RESIGNATION.

BERAR BYE-ELECTION TO ASSEMBLY.

YEOTMAL, Jany. 19.

Mr. M. S. Aney's resignation of the membership of the Legislative Assembly having been accepted by the Governor-General, His Excellency the Governor-in-Council has been pleased to call upon the Berar non-Mahomedan constituency of the Legislative Assembly to elect a member before the 28th February and has fixed 30th January, 6th February and 20th February as dates for the nomination of candidates scrutiny of nominations and recording of votes, respectively.

The Associated Press is authoritatively informed that Mr. Aney is thinking of seeking re-election if a pronounced Swarajist or a nominee of Pundit Motilal Nehru stands for the vacancy.—A. P.

ADVANCE UNANI !

NIZAM DONATES FIVE LAKHS FOR HOSPITAL.

SECUNDERABAD, Jany. 19.

According to a firman issued by His Exalted Highness the Nizam Rs. 5 lakhs have been informally sanctioned for the building of a hospital where patients will be treated by the Unani system of medicine. The site recommended in the firman is on the bank of the river Musi and the name of the hospital will be "Sadir Nizam Ehafa Khana."—A, P,

MR. S. S. MELVILLE DEAD.

LONDON, Jan. 18.

The death has occurred of Mr. Swinton Samuel Melville in his 95th year. He served under the East India Company in the North-East Provinces for 25 years, retiring as Judge of Meerut in 1879. He was posted to Boolundrhupur when the Mutiny broke out at Meerut. He served in the Irregular Troop of Horse until invalided home, wounded. He was mentioned in despatches, and received a medal for the campaign.—Reuter's Special.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

CIVICS AND RELIGION

GOT UP AGITATION AGAINST MR. TAIRSEE.

MEETING OF BHULESHWAR VOTERS.

Under the auspices of the Congress Nationalist Party a public meeting was held at the Edwards Theatre on Tuesday night, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu presiding, for the purpose of enlisting the sympathy of the Ward electors at the forthcoming Municipal elections. The meeting was very rowdy on account of the opposition of some of the members of the audience to Mr. Tairsee's religious beliefs. If Mr. Tairsee had many opponents in the meeting, he had an equally large number of supporters, and the fight was not so much between Mr. Tairsee and his opponents, as the two contending parties themselves, who were equally vociferous. Both Mr. B. T. Desai and Mr. Tairsee were constantly interrupted, and in the end both had to give in to the opposition by resuming their seats. Mr. Sanghani led the opposition on the score of Mr. Tairsee's heterdoxy, but Mr. Desai's speech nettled them most on account of some of the expressions used by him Mr. Nariman, however, succeeded in quieting the exasperated audience and ultimately everything passed off peacefully.

RETURN THE NATIONALISTS.

Mr. J. K. Mehta said Local Self-Government was a thing with which they were most concerned, since their amenities and well-being depended on it and they had, therefore, to vote for such men as were chosen by the party, as they were the fittest persons to work as city's representatives in the Corporation. If the Municipal Nationalist Party was not able to do much in the present Corporation, it was because it had not got the requisite majority for doing its work. Even then his party had put their impress on the whole Municipal administration, and almost revolutionised its mentality. It was, therefore, the duty of the citizens to send into the Corporation only such men as would work for them on truly nationalist lines.

Mr. G. B. Trivedi asked the voters not to be swayed by personal prejudices for or against candidates. The vote given to them was a trust and they had to give it only to such men as would stand by the public on all occasions and work on Nationalist lines. They had not to take into consideration the particular religious beliefs of a candidate, but had to see that the person whom they were electing would work for them honestly and in the interest of the city.

Mr. S. D. Navalkar said the members of the Corporation were now more responsive to the wishes of their electors which was not the case before. Alone he had voted against the giving of an address to Lord Willingdon when the question was brought before the Corporation, but he could not do anything against a large majority. Therefore, it was their duty now to have a sufficiently large majority in the Corporation, by sending Nationalists there.

RELIGION AND CIVICS.

Mr. N. P. Sanghani said while he acknowledged the good work done by the Nationalists, he was sorry some of them were irreligious and it was their plain duty not to give vote to such men, for by sending godless men into the Corporation, they would make their children, who were attending schools, equally godless.

Mr. Narandas Purshottam said it was most improper to bring religion into Municipal work as even their religious head was against these questionable tactics. Had it not been for the Nationalist Party, he said, their tram-fare would have been doubled by this time. Mr. Sanghani had gone to Europe twice, and yet he was opposed to the uplift of the Depressed Classes. The speaker asked Mr. Sanghani whether he had not taken any food at the hands of Untouchables in his voyages to foreign countries and he was sorry that an educated person like Mr. Sanghani was making such a dead-set against the Depressed Classes.

Mr. B. T. Desai said religion had got nothing to do with their elections. He pleaded guilty to the charge of being irreligious, if by that it was meant that by employing depressed class men in the Tansa triplication work they had done an act against Hindu religion. The tram-cars did not belong to any particular community, and any citizen of any religion could make use of them. Why then did they bring religion into matters municipal?

OPPOSED TO GODLESS RELIGION.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee (who was received with both cheers and hisses) said, his life had been threatened often times, but in spite of these threats he was still alive and his weight had not diminished even by a single ounce. He was a religious man himself, but he objected to godless religion and the many acts which were done under its cloak.

There were loud hisses and cries of "Shame, shame" and "Sit down" at this time, and the noise was too great for Mr. Tairsee to be heard by anybody. Mr. Tairsee said that he would not sit down as long as there was compulsion. In the end Mr. Tairsee had to retire after speaking a few more sentences.

Mr. K. F. Nariman said it was not a religious meeting at all, and they were not concerned with any religious sect or belief. What they were concerned with was the forthcoming Municipal election, and not any religion. (Voices: Why did you allow Mr. Tairsee to speak?) Mr. Nariman said if his party was not able to achieve all that it had promised, it was because it had not the requisite working majority in the Corporation. His Party had yet made the Commissioner feel that even the meanest citizen of Bombay had equal right with the Governor of the Presidency. They had saved the citizens' large amounts by opposing an increase in the tramway fares and he asked them not to take any religious prejudices into consideration while giving their votes. The only question before them was whether a particular candidate had worked for the good of the city; if so, then they must give him their votes.

Dr. Jethalal Vora said through the efforts of the Nationalists large amounts had been saved to the citizens, although in spite of their best efforts the Corporation's debt had increased from seven crores to seventeen crores. If his party were returned to the Corporation, he promised, that it would always work for the citizens.

E. WARD VOTERS' MEETING.

A public meeting of the voters of E Ward was held on Wednesday last at Kamatipura 9th Street in the Girls' School Compound under the presidency of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu.

Mr. Bajubhai Desai addressed the audience in Gujarati. He narrated the work so far achieved by the Nationalist Party and exhorted them to vote only for the Nationalist Candidates. Mr. Sayaji L. Sitam said that with the help of his Nationalist colleagues he could get the roads of Kamatipura tarred. He then explained to them what voting by ballot meant, and told them that they were free to vote thereby to any candidate they liked. Looking to the work put in by the party he said only the candidates of the Nationalist Party deserved their support.

Mr. Sahasrabudhe, Mr. V. A. Desai and Mr. S. K. Pupala also spoke.

Mrs. Naidu appealed to them to exercise properly their right of vote and return as many Nationalist candidates as possible. She asked them to bear in mind the symbols of all the candidates.

EUROPEAN CANDIDATES' ASSURANCES.

Under the auspices of the European Association a meeting of the electors of all communities of Fort Ward was held on Tuesday evening at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall to further the candidature of Mr. J. R. C. Badham and Mr. W. H. Hammond in the ensuing municipal elections, Mr. J. Addyman, M. L. C., presided.

Mr. Addyman thanked the two European candidates for coming forward on behalf of the European community to take their share in the municipal affairs of the city. He, however, assured the other communities that Messrs. Badham and Hammond would do all they could for them. It was very unfortunate, he said, that a movement was going on now among certain communities to support the candidates belonging only to those particular communities. In civic affairs, he maintained, there should be no communal or sectional feeling as the city's welfare and administration affected the whole city and all communities. The two European candidates if returned in the ensuing elections would indentify themselves with the Progressive party, which has done a great deal for the welfare of the city.

Mr. W. H. Hammond then said he and his colleague, if elected, would not identify themselves purely as Europeans, but would always consider themselves as citizens of Bombay first and as such would take interest in the municipal affairs. They would always take special interest in the improvement of sanitation and fight malaria and other diseases that were sapping the health of the city. Then the city required primary education, which was an absolute necessity for the prosperity and progress of the citizens. Referring to the primary education, he said, he was an educationist of 20 years standing, and he thought, Bombay required not only primary schools but also the right type of school buildings and he would try his best to improve matters in this respect. The third thing that the city required was economy in municipal administration by which he meant wise expenditure and assured his electors that he and his colleague would take interest in that matter also.

Dr. W. Nunan said then he was sure non-European communities would vote for Messrs. Hammond and Badham and it was much more necessary therefore for Europeans to support their two candidates.

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman, proposed by Mr. H. J. Davis and seconded by Sir Arthur Froom.

G. WARD VOTERS MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Congress National Municipal Election Board a public meeting of the voters of "G" ward will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.) in the compound of Tulsidas Tejpal Chawls, Lady Jamsetji Road, Dadar. Messrs. Damodardas Haridas, P. G. Sahasrabudhe, Ishwarbhai Patel and Rajaram K. Vaidya, B.A., will address the meeting. Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai, B.A., LL.B., will preside.

MR. R. VENKATRAM'S CANDIDATURE.

Mr. A. Venkatram is standing as a candidate for election to the Bombay Municipal Corporation from the "A" Ward at the forthcoming elections. He has chosen as his symbol the "Cart."

MR. KANJI FOR FORT WARD.

In a brief election-manifesto, Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas puts forward his candidature in the "A" ward:—

You are probably aware that I am seeking re-election to the Bombay Municipal Corporation from the "A" (Fort) Ward. I have been a member of the Corporation since 1922 and a member of the Standing Committee since 1923.

I have been fairly regular in my attendance at the meetings and have taken particularly keen interest in the amelioration of the conditions of the women and children in the city.

I shall be very much obliged if you will be so good as to give me your support at the forthcoming elections on Monday, February 1st.

MR. KHATRI WITHDRAWS HIS CANDIDATURE.

Mr. A.H.S. Khatri writes:—

The Municipal Congress and Nationalist Party has selected me to stand as a party candidate from E Ward at the ensuing Municipal General Election for which I am very much thankful to them. However, on account of certain private reasons, I have decided not to stand as a candidate this year. I, therefore, take this opportunity to express my best thanks to my friends and well-wishers and request them to give their votes in favour of the Nationalist candidates.

MR. G. B. TRIVEDI'S APPEAL.

Mr. G. B. Trivedi has addressed the following appeal to the voters of Bhuleshwar ("C") Ward:—

I am a candidate for one of the sixteen seats of this Ward. I am one of the twelve candidates supported by the Municipal Nationalist Party.

I am a merchant and a member of the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber. As the Secretary of the Bombay Prarthana Samaj, I worked with the late Sir N. G. Chandavarkar in matters social and religious. I take an active interest in the Depressed Classes Mission Society, Pandharpur Orphanage, Social Service League, Rescue Work, Prohibition Movement, etc.

I also take interest in political questions and represented Thana District in the first reformed Bombay Legislative Council, where I took special interest in the Development Department, Jail Reforms, Industries Department, Prohibition, treatment of political prisoners, and thus worked on popular side. I fought for the Bombay tenants' cause at the time of the Bombay Municipality Act and the Rent Act.

Thus if you feel convinced that I am a fit person to be one of your representatives in the Corporation, please support me along with other Nationalist Party candidates with as many of your votes as possible. I have no community or profession to back me up. I do not like such backings. I prefer to appeal for your support only on work and merit.

MR. JHABWALA'S CANDIDATURE.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Last Saturday three lines in your esteemed journal announced the candidature of a very selfless and silent worker in the cause of the poor and neglected masses of Bombay—Mr. S. H. Jhabwalla. As far as I am aware Mr. Jhabwalla has not issued any manifesto nor made public his views to his constituency. If he goes on at this rate and feels shy and keeps back, in these days of demagogy, when he who speaks the most often carries the day, worthy men like him if they do not advertise themselves well are likely to fail. In the interest of the city, nay in the interest of that mass of humanity living in the slums, as an admirer of his silent work, I invite him to make his candidature better known.

The public ought to be aware that even at present when he is not a member of the Municipal Corporation, he is rendering a lot of service to the city. The localities of Parel and Dadar owe him a debt and as he is standing from the "G" Ward, I consider it to be the duty of every voter to return such an enthusiastic and earnest worker. By returning such workers Bombay, which to-day is outwardly beautiful will, surely become inwardly beautiful and the poor man who at present lives in the slubs of Bombay and by whose toil this great city has been built up, will get an opportunity to rear up healthy citizens in the future.

Mr. Editor, allow me to appeal to you to support the candidature of Mr. Jhabwalla, to whom the support of your powerful pen will be a very great help, inasmuch as, so far as I know, he will not be able to canvass votes by sending motor cars.—Yours, etc.,

B. R. M.

ELECTION & MUNICIPAL SERVANTS

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Municipal Servants are not permitted to take any part in the election! (It is, of course, a wonder that they are allowed to vote!) Does this not constitute deprivation of the civic rights of citizenship? Or do the Municipal authorities labour under a notion that acceptance of Municipal service means the loss of the birth-right to do what one can for seeing that the right defender of public rights, according to one's own view, is elected. If so, this is nothing but a mild form of Civilized Slavery. Will any of the "City Fathers" care to look into the matter.—Yours, etc.,

KESARI NATH ACHARYA.

"BOMBAY'S SUBURBS."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—After reading the article (in two parts) by my friend Mr. Trivedi—if he will allow me to claim his friendship—on "Bombay Suburbs", I beg to offer a few humble suggestions. But before doing so I must make it clear that I am permanently staying at Vile Parle.

The suggestions are as follows:

(1) Each of the three suburbs, viz, Andheri, Vile Parle and Santa Cruz should have separate municipalities to look after the requirements of the residents living within their respective areas, but there should be a joint board consisting of members elected from the elected members of each municipality. The number of members of each municipality should be determined by the people themselves. The franchise may be given to tenants paying Rs. 5 per month as minimum rent. The joint board should consist of, say, 6 members, two from each of the suburbs elected by the elected members of each of the municipalities or their number should vary either on the basis of population of each municipality or on the contribution to the joint fund under the control of the joint board for carrying out common projects of water-supply, road repair etc. in other wards, the duty of the joint board should be to supervise the work of a common chief officer, a common engineer and a common health officer who must be paid out of the joint fund contributed by each of these municipalities receiving benefits of the services of these functionaries in proportion to their contribution to the joint fund.

Details regarding the duties of this Joint Board may be settled after joint mutual discussions. Thus the duties of the municipalities will be those items of municipal administration which are not assigned to the joint board such as immediate sanitary requirements of the place, collection of taxes etc. the details in this case also may discussed after joint discussions or each municipality should settle these itself with proper care and caution against encroachments on duties assigned to the joint board. This proposal, if accepted, will mean economy, as the expenses of the establishment of the higher staff will be jointly borne by these municipalities. In the alternative there should be only one joint municipality with local committees as proposed by Mr. Trivedi these committees should consist of a suitable number of elected members and should look after the immediate needs of their respective areas. But these local committees should have all the powers vested in a municipality on questions relating purely to their local area without interference from the joint municipality.

If either of these two suggestions are adopted these suburbs may be turned to use Mr. Trivedi's phrase into good health resorts.—Yours, etc.

LAXMIDAS L. SARAYA.

Sheth Mohandas Ratanji's
New Chawl, Vile Parle.

ORISSA FAMINE

AN APPEAL

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Public are already aware of the terrible famine in Orissa, Lakhs of people inhabiting 1,000 sq. miles, which comprises nearly two-thirds of the Sadar-Sub-division of Puri District are faced with ruin and only timely help can avert the danger. The Bharat Seva-Asram Sangha have sent Swami Satyananda to the affected areas, and he has started relief works with Baliput in Gop Thana, some twelve miles from Sakshi Gopal Railway Station as its centre. With the passing of days the suffering of the people is growing more and more acute and pitiable. It hardly needs to be emphasised that most of the people of the Sadar Sub-division are terribly in want of food. In these winter days their suffering from want of clothing is very serious. To make the situation still worse malarial fever has, of late become active.

We earnestly appeal to our country-men and hope they will help us with funds to carry out the work.

All contributions, however small, will be thankfully received and gratefully acknowledged by the undersigned.—Yours, etc.

SWAMI PRANABANANDA.

President, Bharat Seva Asram Sangha.
27, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.

WANTED A "NEW HORNIMAN."

After narrating the fusion in the Swarajist Camp and the deplorable political condition of India, the "Jam-e-Jamshed", in the course of editorial comments, says:—

Mr. Horniman is taking over the reins of the "Bombay Chronicle" under such difficult circumstances. Looking to the admission made by him on his landing on Indian shores that he had not changed at all, that he was the same old Horniman, the question naturally arises whether he will be able to improve the present state of affairs. The work is difficult, there is no doubt about it. It will take time to win Swaraj, but if he is instrumental in killing the communal venom and bringing about unity among the various communities of India and thus cementing the bonds of friendship among them, as it existed before, Mr. Horniman will be rendering unique service to India which will be duly appreciated. We have our misgivings as to whether the achievement of the abovementioned goal by the "old Horniman" is practicable. We want a "New Horniman" to suit the changed atmosphere of India. Will Mr. Horniman, a foreigner, achieve that success where Mr. Gandhi has failed? The people of India will watch with anxiety the activities of this new helmsman of the "Chronicle."

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

The Governor of Bombay received the Chief of Bhor at Government House, Bombay, on Tuesday.

The Governor of Bombay attended a meeting of Lodge St. George at the Freemason's Hall, on Tuesday.

STOP PRESS.

DEATH OF BORODADA.

MR. ANDREWS' GRIEF.

While going to press we received the following cable from Mr. C. F. Andrews from Capetown under date January 19:—

The news of the death of Borodada (elder brother of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore) at Santiniketan just reached me. It is infinitely hard to express what pain the news means to me. My heart is full of sorrow in this distant land. His was one of the noblest purest souls I have ever known in all my life.—Andrews.

LAHORE NEWS

OLYMPIC SPORTS

LAHORE, Jan 18.

During the forthcoming provincial olympic trials which will be held on February 1st and 2nd, in addition to last year's competitive events, there will be added a hammer, discus and javelin throw and a half-a-mile race.

Mr. Newham has been re-elected for two years as the Punjab's representative on the Council of the All-India Olympic Association, and Mr. Sondhi for filling the vacancy as a Punjab Councillor, Mr. Garrett being appointed Foundation Councillor for life.

Owing to the rapid growth of sport in the Punjab, the question of appointing paid whole-time Secretaries has been engaging the attention of leading athletic organisations for a long time, and, recently, meetings of the Punjab Olympic and University Sports Tournament Committees were held to consider this matter. As a result of the meetings both the Committees have appointed separate sub-committees to consider the question of appointing a paid secretary and to draft out a scheme. It is understood that after the scheme is prepared, the two sub-committees will meet together and see if it is not possible to co-ordinate their schemes so that one paid Secretary could carry on the work of both organisations. It is also suggested in some quarters that the same Secretary, when appointed, might also take over the work of the Punjab Games Association. It is further understood that when the complete scheme is ready it will be submitted to Government for consideration, support and approval.—A. P.

The permanent unrestricted certificate granted by the Punjab Government to Mr. Premsingh Sodhbans, Government Certified Accountant and Auditor of Lahore, authorising him to act as an Auditor of companies, has been suspended till further orders.—A. P.

(Continued from Column 6.)

the lights so that they might not kill him too and he might not share the same fate as the unlucky Indian. Witness, therefore, thought it was better part of valour to remain quiet. Forty minutes after stopping the train witness again started it on receiving signal from the Guard. It did not strike witness to detach the engine because that was against the rules. He then started the train and brought it to Alamnagar, where he learnt definitely of the dacoity in the brake van. Witness was not aware if any dead body was picked up before he started the train.

Mr. Ali Murad, Assistant Station Master Kakori, next witness said, he was on duty on 9th August, 1925. He also made entries about the arrival and departure of No. 8 Down train. Usually, the Station Master on duty sells tickets and as witness was on duty on 9/8/25 he sold tickets for No. 8 Down train. He sold three second-class tickets on that date and witness was definite that the three tickets were sold to one man. The average number of second-class tickets sold at Kakori was about 6 or 7 in a month. Witness sent the earnings of 9/8/25 by No. 8 Down train of that date and dropped the cash bag of his station in the safe in the brake van, that is to say, the compartment in which the Guard sat.

TRAIN ARRIVES AT ALAMNAGAR

Mr. Sitalprasad, Assistant Station Master, Alamnagar, the last witness to be examined to-day deposed that he was on duty on 9/8/25 the same day No. 8 train reached Alamnagar late and so when it had not arrived in time, he phoned to the Controller at Lucknow. When the train arrived at Alamnagar witness took the day's earnings of his station to the brake van in order to place the bag in the iron safe. He did not find the safe and the Guard told him that that was looted by dacoits between Kakori and Alamnagar. Witness then placed the earnings in the station safe and wired to all concerned about the occurrence. On the day previous to the dacoity after 8 Down train had left Alamnagar, two or three young and, seemingly educated, men with khaki shirts and shorts came to the Railway Station. They were thirsty and wanted water. These young men seemed tired because of exertion. When witness came back to the station after taking his food, Baiju, the porter, who had given them water informed him that those two or three young men were also accompanied by ten or twelve other persons who were waiting outside the railway station.

Defence counsel declined to cross-examine any of the witnesses at this stage. The hearing of the case will be resumed to-morrow.—A. P. Special Service.

KAKORI "CONSPIRACY" CASE.

EXAMINATION OF PROSECUTION WITNESSES.

LUCKNOW, Jany. 19.

Mr. Syed Ainuddin, Special Magistrate at Lucknow, resumed to-day the hearing of the Kakori Conspiracy Case in which Ramprasad and 26 others are charged with alleged criminal conspiracy to wage war against the King-Emperor. As many as seven witnesses were examined to-day on behalf of prosecution. Of them one was a police constable and the rest railway officers. Abdus Samad, a head constable of the Railway Police deposed that he was the head moharir of Railway Police Station at Charbagh. The first information report of the Kakori train dacoity was made to witness by Mr. Jones, Station Master, on the 9th August, 1925, at 8/35 p.m. When the train that had been looted arrived at Charbagh Junction the Guard of the train handed over to witness a chaddar to be deposited. On the day after the dacoity (10th August) some more things were deposited at the Police Malkhana. There were two hatchets, two iron sansis, three iron chenis, five empty cartridge cases and one railway lantern. Later on, on the same day railway watchmen brought to the Thana a broken iron safe and different police constables handed over to witness altogether 24 cartridges, some papers and 4 half tickets. On the 12th August 12 more cartridges were brought to the Thana by a policeman. All those articles were deposited by witness in the Malkhana and had been to-day exhibited in the Court.

FIRST INFORMATION.

The next witness Mr. W. Jones, Station Master, Charbagh, Lucknow, then deposed on oath that he was on duty on 9/8/25 at Charbagh Railway Station. He received the first information about the 8-Down train from Mr. Norton, Deputy Chief Controller, who was in the train Control Office, Hazratgunj. Mr. Norton phoned to witness that the 8-Down had been pulled up between Kakori and Alamnagar and a cash safe taken out of the brake van by armed dacoits, about twenty or thirty in number. After making a report to the Sub-Inspector of Police on duty at Charbagh witness went to platform No. 3 and awaited the arrival of the 8-Down and when it arrived witness questioned the Guard, Jagannath Prasad, in the presence of the Sub Inspector Khurshed Ali Khan on duty. He was then asked to arrange to run out a special train to the scene of the dacoity and he complied with the request. After explaining the process by which cash is brought from wayside stations by the 8-Down train witness said that when the 8-Down train arrived at Charbagh he proceeded to the brake van only to find all the roof electric bulbs broken and the Guard's compartment in complete darkness. Witness was also informed by the Guard that his hand signal lamp had also been broken as also the tail-lamp of the brake van. Witness then ordered the guard to hand over to the police the piece of cloth or dhoti which was found lying in his compartment. In reply to a question by the Court witness stated when the 8-Down train arrived at Charbagh the cash safe which usually came from Moradabad with earnings from wayside stations upto Alamnagar was missing.

DEPUTY CHIEF CONTROLLER'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. Norton, Deputy Chief Controller, E. I. Railway, Hazratgunj, Lucknow, then came to the witness box and stated that he was on duty on that day when Mr. Conquest his Section Controller conveyed to witness direct that 8-Down train had been pulled on his section between Kakori and Alamnagar by armed dacoits. The cash safe had been removed from the brake van, was broken open and contents robbed. During this process the Guard of the train was covered by two dacoits with revolvers and revolver shots were heard while the robbery was going on. On receipt of information witness communicated with Mr. Jones, the Station Master on duty at Charbagh as well as Mr. Synoti, Superintendent Transportation.

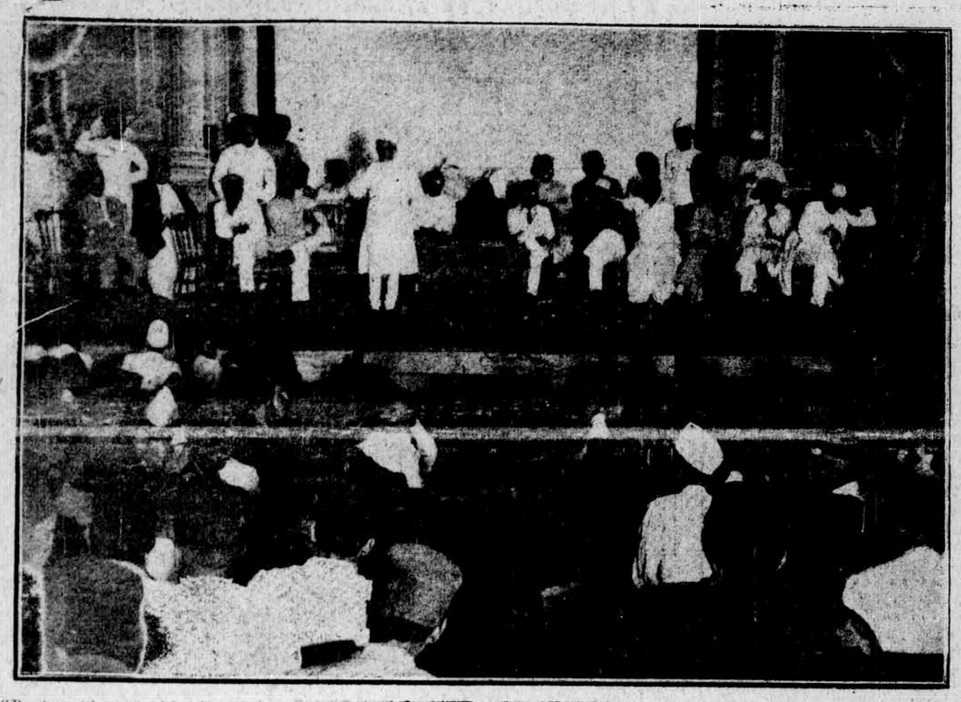
Mr. Conquest, Section Controller E.I.R. Hazratgunj, Lucknow, who followed deposed that he received intimation by phone from the Assistant Station Master, Alamnagar to the effect that the 8 Down train was not in sight, although it had left Kakori. Subsequently, Assistant Station Master of Alamnagar informed witness by phone that number 8 Down train was in sight; the Guard of the train himself came to the phone and narrated to witness how the train was robbed. Witness kept a brief record of the information and conveyed it to his superior officer, Mr. Norton, who in his own turn phoned to the Station Master Charbagh and the Police Guard of the train informed witness that three men were killed. But he later on heard that only one man was killed.

DRIVER'S EXPERIENCE.

Mr. P. A. Young, Driver of No. 8 Down train, in his evidence stated that after he had left Kakori about two miles from Kakori Station his train was stopped. He stopped it because the vacuum needle was falling, which meant some one was pulling the chain. After stopping his train, witness sent his fireman back with a torch to see what was the matter. Few minutes afterwards he heard gun shots which all came from the brake van side. Witness remained on engine all the time and when the Dehra Express came up witness saw in the reflection of the search-light about 5 or 6 men on the right side of the train. Soon after his fireman came back and told witness that the dacoits were looting the train. Hearing that witness kept quiet and put out

(Continued in column 5.)

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.



"Bombay Chronicle Photo".

Last night's meeting in support of C. Ward candidates at the Edward Theatre. Mrs. Naidu is in the chair and Mr. J. K. Mehta is addressing the meeting. Mr. K. F. Nariman is on Mrs. Naidu's right and Mr. Mohanlal Desai on her left. Mr. Tairsee is to be seen on the extreme right.

JOURNALISTS AT BARODA.

A group of Indian journalists who attended H. H. Maharaja Gaekwar's Golden Jubilee. The photograph was taken at a tea party given by the Editor of the "Baroda Vartaman."

A GRAVE LABOUR SCANDAL.

WANTED A UNITED PROTEST.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The grievances of the poor worker in Bombay are a catalogue and if I were to recount them all to you some of the dieharas, I am sure, will at least begin to enquire as to whether it is a fact that the voiceless worker in Bombay is an animal mean tyrannised over by the powerful capitalist. I will tell you about one.

At present there is good deal of unemployment and the employers being master of the situation are exacting heavy service at little payment. When protests are raised by the men against the illegality, inequity of condition and onequality of proportion between work and wages the clear answer is that the men must go away if they do not submit to the conditions laid down. Thus old workers who may have put in several years of service have either mournfully to submit to the tyranny of employers to avoid being unemployed or to give up their jobs and add to the swarming lists of unemployed. At least legitimate protests must be heard and in the case of old, loyal and faithful employees consideration must be given by the employers.

Do the public know that there are several departments in Bombay where the men do not get a day's leave throughout the month except at the peril of losing their jobs? Just imagine all the thirty days of work, unintermitently to work from sundawn till sun-set with no increment whatever! If the men ask for a day's rest the clear answer is "walk out, we shall take on others who are willing to serve on our conditions."

Even Government in a particular department gives Rs. 4 as pension (now raised to Rs. 6 as a result of the efforts of the men's Union) after 30 years of loyal and faithful service and when reasonable protest is raised the clear reply is, "If you do not want to submit to this scale of pension, walk out we shall engage others."

Why is this tyranny possible? Why can it not be fought against? The tyranny is possible, for neither Government nor the public leaders have at all interested themselves in the great question of unemployment both among the middle and among the lower classes. Labour is used as a piece of chattel for the happiness of the superior classes. There is no basis of equity and till a proper standard is brought about Swaraj cannot be thought of. Let me tell the public that the Labourers have not learnt to think that Swaraj is the panacea for all their troubles—nay an idea is fostered among them that Swaraj is intended to crush them A regardless Government, a careless hand of public leaders, are the great forces the employees have to face. The present iron system has ruthlessly taken a number of lives, broken innumerable homes and established a perilously gloomy outlook upon the political and economic conditions of the land. Shall Government and the leaders now interest themselves in the poor man's issue in the country?—Yours, etc.,

S. H. JHABVALA.

RETRENCHMENT IN IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—You were good enough to champion the cause of the retrenched employees of the Bombay Improvement Trust when retrenchment, to quote your felicitous expression in one of your leaderettes, 'was on the gale.' In spite of your powerful championship of the course of the retrenched unfortunates, the authorities of the Trust have thought fit to deny to the men retrenched the full privileges of leave allowable to them under the Trustees' own bye-laws and regulations. It was most unbecoming on the part of a powerful corportaion like the Trust especially when the men were sent out of the Trust for no fault of theirs, to deny them whatever leave was allowable to them under the Rules. When one remembers that the same rules continue to be in force, and that men who continue in service will be eligible under the same rules to all the leave which was denied to the men retrenched, the action of the Trustees is nothing, if not heartless. When driven to a corner, the reason given for the denial of all the leave due, is that "the leave cannot be claimed as of right." This verily is showing the 'mailed' fist. Analysed, the position comes to this: that the men who have been retrenched on no principle whatsoever are eligible under the Rules to the leave demanded by them; but the grant of the leave depends on the sweet will of the authorities, the exercise of whose discretion, alas, knows not any law.

If any European Officer of the Trust had been treated in the way in which the retrenched clerks of the Trust have been dealt with, the capacity of the Indians for self-Government would have been called in question in a particular class of newspapers, and one will, no doubt, read about questions asked on the floor of the House of Commons itself as to the alleged high-handed and inhuman way in which a servant of the Trust had been denied the leave allowable to him under the Trust's own Rules?

That such a treatment of the retrenched employees has been possible in a public body in India, which ought to set a better example to other private bodies, is indeed very sad. Now that in the Act for amalgamating the Trust with the Bombay Municipality, a provision has been made for voluntary retirement with full privileges of leave and Provident Fund money, of men with 5 years service and more, within 2 years of amalgamation, will it be too much to appeal to the Trustees and also the Corporation to reconsider the cases of those men who were retrenched in March last, and grant them the balance of leave (allowable to them under the Rules) which was so unjustly denied to them?

It will be unseemly on the part of the Trust to contest any case by their employees for the grant of the leave allowable under the Rules, even though, which is doubtful the Trustees' interpretation of the Rules may be the correct one.—Yours, etc.,

"RETRENCHED."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

QUERIES

Sir,—Will you or any of your readers let me know if there exist in India any clubs to encourage the art of mountain climbing and exploration for colonisation on the lines of the famous Alpine Clubs; and if such clubs do not exist, will any of your readers, who are willing to join in the formation of such clubs for the encouragement of the above-said daring sport in the Himalayas, Vindhyas, the Eastern and the Western Ghats, inform me of their willingness?—Yours, etc.,

M. V. APPA RAO,
Zamindar, Vuyyur Estate.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will you or any of your readers kindly let me know if there is any institution or individual in or near Bombay where Up reading is taught; and also if there are any books on the subject—Yours, etc.,

A QUERIST.

ALLAHABAD BABY WEEK.

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 19.

The Allahabad Baby Week organised by Dr. Miss Commissariat commenced here last Sunday. At yesterday's public meeting presided over by Mr. Justice Suleman, the annual report was presented. This afternoon Mr. J. C. Smith, I.C.S, the Commissioner will preside and prizes will be distributed by Lady Mears.—A. P.

LIQUOR IN CORPORATION HALL.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—At last Monday's meeting of the Corporation, Dr. Javle, a representative of G Ward, thought it necessary to declare that he was a Brahmin, and a tetotaller and still he opposed Mr. Sunderrao D. Navalkar's proposition of prohibiting intoxicating liquor at the dinners in the Corporation Hall! His most remarkable arguments were that the proposal was impracticable, that the motion was merely an electioneering and vote-catching trick, and that the Prabhus, from which community Mr. Navalkar hailed were given to drink.

All these reasons, on the face of them, were totally meaningless, worthless, and condemnable! How is the proposal impracticable? The Corporation Hall is the property of the Corporation, and the Corporation is competent enough to stop anything from being served on its table! Prohibition of liquor at dinners in the Corporation Hall, even granting that Mr. Navalkar gave the notice for vote-catching, was, to all intents and purposes, quite practicable, feasible, and hundred times more desirable! What was the wrong in it?

Perhaps Dr. Javle must have thought that the absence of liquor would result in preventing many of his friends from attending the functions! If he was so particular about his drink-loving friends, why did he not think of members like Mr. Gole, who would 'not' attend only because liquor was served?

Dr. Javle is one of the senior members of the Corporation, and is expected to know his duty towards his electors, or, at least towards his religion! Supposing Mr. Navalkar's motion was childish or ridiculous, or even impracticable as he said, were there no Parsis, Christians, Europeans and non-Brahmins in the Hall, to oppose the resolution? What was the necessity and propriety for Dr. Javle and Sir Vasantrao, to get up and oppose the motion before anybody else, as if their own interests were affected?

By his action of opposing a most harmless resolution and that too, in the name of a Brahmin, Dr. Javle has put the whole Brahmin community into shame, and has offended the Prabhu community and other Hindu communities such as Marwaris, Banias etc., on whose votes Dr. Javle mainly depends, to whom the drink is an evil and a sin!

Dinners are social functions, and importance must be attached more to the feelings of the members attending, than the things that should be served at the table. Dinners are a means to the end, and not an end itself.

I would only say in conclusion that Dr. Javle has unwittingly made out a case why the voters should elect only the members of the Nationalist Congress Party, or any party that is pledged to any particular line of policy, and never men like him who have no fixed policy. Voters will please note this.

This is written without prejudice to my personal friendship with Dr. Javle, who I hold is a good man for friendship or acquaintance, within the four walls of a house.—Yours, etc.,

STRAIGHT-FORWARD.

THE WEATHER.

YEOTMAL, Jany. 18.

The weather has again been dry throughout the country.

Forecast:—Dry weather.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT.

A shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 2,500 miles away was recorded on the Simla Seismograph at two hours 44 minutes this morning.

GOVERNOR AND NON-BRAHMIN MOVEMENT

WILL DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION ENLIGHTEN?

To "The Editor of The Chronicle".

Sir,—In the issue of the "Chronicle" of the 29th December you were good enough to publish a letter of mine under the above heading. Since a matter of very great public importance viz., the policy of administration of the country, was involved in the subject matter of the letter, I naturally expected that the Director of Information would come forth with some specious explanation to save His Excellency from the awkward predicament in which the Hon. Mr. Jadhav has put him by his indiscreet disclosure of a State secret. But the Director of Information is discreetly silent and is probably under the impression that the matter lies outside his cognisance inasmuch as it is of imperial interest. Be that as it may, seeing that the matter is of vital importance to the people of the country and particularly so to the Brahmin community in India, will the Director of Information be pleased to say:

(a) Whether it is true that His Excellency, Sir Leslie Wilson, permitted the Hon. Mr. Jadhav to go to Berar and start the non-Brahmin movement there;

(b) Whether, if the answer to the question (a) is negative, His Excellency's attention has been drawn to the Hon. Member's statement;

(c) Whether, if the answer to the question (a) is affirmative, the policy of the Bombay Governor is in accordance with that laid down by the Home Government for the future administration of the country;

and (d), if the answer to question (b) is affirmative, what action has been taken by His Excellency to remove the impression that has been created in the public mind by the statement of the Hon. Minister of Education.

Taking by community, the Brahmins are in a microscopic minority, and majority of them live but a hand-to-mouth life. From external attacks and internal disabilities, to-day, they fare worse than the most depressed classes. Still, the community has not awakened itself to living fa— Now that the Government too have taken [illegible] against them, the Brahmins must [illegible] selves try to find a way out of the situation—Yours, etc.,

N. V. SARMA.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the remarks made by the learned president, Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, in his presidential address of the first session of the Bombay Provincial Social Service Conference, I am directed by the Managing Committee of the Bombay Social Service League to request you to be so good as to give place to the following few lines in any of your next issues to avoid any misunderstanding. It may be noted that the Bombay Social Service League as a body has got a very clear policy laid down and has acted on the same in the past and expects to do so also in the future. The Bombay Social Service League as a body has never take part or side in any industrial economic or political dispute, although some members of the League besides doing the Social Service work take part in fields *inter alia* of economics and politics. It cannot be gainsaid that the Bombay Social Service League as a body cannot prevent them from doing so inasmuch as every member of the League is entitled to engage himself in any field whether social, economic, political or otherwise in his individual capacity and it seems rather impossible for the Bombay Social Service League to lay down any definite policy or hard and fast rule for every member thereof to be pursued by his in his individual capacity or to control the private activities of any of its individual members. If the Bombay Social Service League were to attempt to do this its doors will have sooner to be closed. But the Bombay Social Service League as a body has always steered clear of all party disputes and differences and have always tried to keep the balance equal between capital and labour and I am sure no instance can be cited where the Bombay Social Service League has acted otherwise in any matter. There seems to have been created much confusion between the policy of the Bombay Social Service League as a whole body and the individual member thereof as he or she may be acting in his or her individual capacity as he or she may choose in any sphere of his or her activities.—Yours etc.

K. J. DUBASH,
Honorary Secretary,
Bombay Social Service League.
Servants of India Society's Home.

WOES OF VILE PARLE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Before I moved to Vile Parle I was not aware that there are geniuses in existence who, by a wondering system of street lighting, can add to the terrors of darkness. Proper street lighting is a necessity in a suburb like this where the houses lie scattered and the streets are infected by reptiles, but the municipal administrators of Vile Parle have different notions on the subject. The lamps they have provided at unnecessarily liberal intervals serve only to make darkness visible and increase its dangers. I appreciate the fact that the municipal finances may not permit the luxury of gas or electric lights, but an attempt should be made to make the city fathers understand that even kerosine lamps can give proper light. Their ideas in this respect seem to be at least half a century old. It must be said to their credit that there are maintaining a sort of harmony among the different departments of the municipal service. Good lighting and bad roads would not, they knew harmonise each other. They are, therefore, maintaining the roads in the most hideous condition possible. The Vile Parle Roads are a horror to the inhabitants, whatever the authorities might say. A promenade along them, preferably when the process of sweeping is going on, will enable them to imbibe a useful idea or two about road maintenance. The quantity of dust they will draw in five minutes will certainly work a transformation in them to their and the citizens' good. There are other matters which have to be raked up, but at the present moment we shall not pry further into the hitherto uncriticized methods of the city fathers who, from what I can see, are the only obstacles in the way of the natural development of Vile Parle into a charming suburb of the city. The air is pure, mosquitos although plenty in existence carry no malaria with them; close proximity to Juhu provides a first class attraction; train service is not unsatisfactory; everything considered Vile Parle has all the requisites for an ideal suburb. But the city fathers require a lot of coaching up.—Yours, etc.

V. M.

MAHARUDRA CEREMONY AT DWARKA

The Secretary, Shardamath Mahotsva Committee, Dwarka, wires:—

Shrimad Jagat Guru Shri Shankeracharya Shantyanandji Maharaj of Shardapith, Dwarka, will celebrate the Mahacudra ceremony on a grand scale from 11th to 15th February, when several functions have been arranged under the patronage of His Holiness in the presence of several Princes Chiefs and distinguished guests.

The All-India Brahma Samaj will hold its sittings on the 16th, and 17th February under the special guidance of His Holiness Rajratna Vidyashankerbhai. Dwarka is now connected with a railway line.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

A telegram has been sent by the Honorary Secretary Railway Mandal Belgaum, to the General Traffic Manager M. and S. M. Ry. Co. Ltd., Madras, praying for reduction of fares, as has been done on other railways.

The Mahableshwar Motor Vehicle Rules as recently revised by Government permitted motor vehicles, whether private or hired to use, with the previous license obtained from the Superintendent, the Satara Road as far as the 5th mile from Mahableshwar. This rule has now been further modified so as to permit motor vehicles to use the Satara Road as far as the notice-board a few yards beyond the 6th milestone from Mahableshwar.

A Rangoon message of January 18th says:—Rs. 30,000 damage has been caused by a fire in the bhoosie and rice godown of a Chinese merchant.—(A. P.)

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will give a general address to the students of Allahabad sometime in February. The date and the time will be announced later.—(A. P.)

Mr. Vallabhai Patel, President of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Employees' Association has sent from Ahmedabad a representation to the Loco Superintendent, Parel, Bombay, on behalf of the European and Indian drivers, Shunting Drivers, firemen, etc., working on the Broad Gauge, expressing disappointment and dissatisfaction at the new divisions of service and revisions of scales of pay and conveying their grievances and demands.—(A. P.)

A letter has been addressed to the President, Thana Municipality, by the residents of Shikandarkhan Road, expressing their high appreciation of the meritorious services rendered by Mr. Yeshwant Vinayek Navalkar, municipal councillor, during his chairmanship of the managing committee of the Municipality.

His Excellency Viscount Goschen inspected the Madras Guards Camp on the Island Monday and presented musketry prizes and long-services medals to the winners at the general parade. Lt.-Col. Taylor thanked his Excellency for the keen interest he took in the Regiment.—A. P.

Brooding over the Future!

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RADIOSAN is sold in two sizes. The small size gives 10 days' treatment, and the large package a full course of 50 days' treatment. Obtainable from most chemists.

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DIVINE HELP in BOMBAY
Try it To-day and see effects immediately.

Be glad that some supernatural power is ready, in your house. It is a very strong invisible power and you can carry it in your locket ring or pocket. By its control all divine powers unite in you to fulfil your acts and wishes.

I have thousands of testimonials and certificates with me testifying to thousands of persons who have benefitted by its use. This charm (Talisman) can not be prepared at any time but it is prepared only when the sun comes at its original place (Burj Hamal or Mesh Rashi) when during a short time it is prepared at the cost of great trouble and sacrifice. The charm has many excellent properties and effects.

For example:—

(1) By keeping it with you, in a very short time you will see that you acquire profits and get much more and if in service you will get more power and higher promotions.
(2) By keeping this Charm no one can continue to be poor but he must rise.
(3) If shop-keepers keep it in their Cash boxes they will find nine in one on the very day, i e.,—they will find an increase in the cash on the very day.
(4) By its possession men without business will get good chances for service etc.
(5) Just as an iron bar shelters the big building offices etc. against the electric storms and thunders, this Charm saves one against many diseases i.e Plague, Cholera, consumption, convulsions and sudden deaths, difficulties, misfortunes and miseries.
(6) Man or woman will easily and quickly unite into marriages by its possession.
(7) This Talisman will help to pass in all sorts of examinations.
(8) In races and in lotteries, there is nothing equal to it.
(9) You will get great honour in courts and durbars.
(10) You will gain great and certain victories over your enemies.

In short, this Charm is a Divine Gift in every effort and in every action.

It is always widely sold in Bombay and while in India and we guarantee that we are the sole manufacturers of this Charm This Charm is a gift from a prophet of Persia, and since 12 years we are supplying this Charm to the public.

You have heard this Charm is a thing of ancient times; and is now revised at the risk of one's life and arranged according to the principles of present astrology.

We have got in very many excellent certificates; only a trial once will convince you of the results.

Price:—
One charm for 6 months Rs. 2.
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Golden Charm:—Life-guard for whole life Rs 25.

N.B.—The cause of selling this most highly beneficial and invaluable object at such a low price is only to do good to the public both rich and poor for the sole object of doing divine good in this critical time.

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BOMBAY
VISIT TIME:—8 to 12 a.m. and 4 to 7-30 p.m. (S.P.)

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For thickening the semen and increasing the retentive power it stands unrivalled. Largely used by men of position and affluence. Prepared under personal supervision of Medical Practitioner.
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MOSCOW LETTER

INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY CONFERENCE.

SOVIET'S EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MOSCOW, Dec. 11.

Prof. Kustralu-Sade-Suad, of the University of Constantinople, at the request of the Soviet Government of Azerbaijan, is coming to Baku to deliver a course of lectures at the National University of Azerbaijan. The Professor will also take part in the forthcoming Turcological Conference in U. S. S. R.

Prof. Suad is at present in Leningrad, where he has delivered a series of lectures at the Institute of Oriental Languages.

On the 8th instant took place the opening of the International Railway Conference at the Commissariat for Foreign Affairs of the Union of S. S. R. in Moscow. The object of this Conference is to establish direct railway communication between the Far East and Southern Europe through U.S.S.R. The representatives from Russia, Germany, France, Poland, Letvia, Estonia and Lathonia participated in the Conference.

While declaring the Conference open, M. Postnikoff, representative of Russian Railway Department, referred to the huge importance of re-establishing the railway line connecting the Far East with Southern Europe which was interrupted by the Great War.

By the proposal of French and German representatives M. Postnikoff was elected to preside over the Conference. The official language was settled to be Russian, but French and German were also to be used. A reference was made both by representatives of U.S.S.R. and Japan as to the absence of the Chinese delegation, which some time ago, for reasons unknown, suddenly left the Conference.

A NEW ELECTRIC STATION.

On the 6th instant there was opened a hydro-electric station in Shatura, about a hundred miles from Moscow, which is supposed to be the biggest of all the existing Stations in Moscow. The official opening was to take place at 12 o'clock and at nine in the morning a special train steamed out from the Kazan Station (Moscow) full with guests and officials. The foundation of this H. E. Powerhouse was laid by the proposal of B. I. Lenin himself in the June of 1923. Its power is 115,000 Vol. and H. P. 65,000; the total cost is said to be about 35,000,000 roubles.

After the opening the guests were given a pleasant banquet in which M. Trotsky, thanking the guests, delivered a brief but very interesting speech, which was answered by M. Zeki Bey, the Turkish Ambassador in Moscow, French Ambassador, M. Ebert and the Minister of Agriculture of the Turkish Republic, who expressed their astonishment to see such a magnificent station completed by Russians in such hard a time when nothing was to be had from foreign countries.

THE CRIMEAN TARTARS.

Considerable progress in educational matters since the establishment of Soviet Rule was recorded at a recent meeting of educational workers in the Crimea. Before the Revolution there were only 60 elementary schools for Tartars; now there are 450. Another indication of the progress is the fact that the girls constitute now nearly 50 per cent. of the pupils in the elementary schools, whereas before the Revolution they formed less than 50 per cent.

Courses have been organized for the training of Tartar teachers. There were also established many new schools for technical training; 31 per cent. of all the students in the agriculture schools of Crimea consist of Tartars.

A beginning has been made with the publication of Tartar literature. A series of text-books has been published in the Tartar language, and a series of books for Tartar peasants is under contemplation.

EDUCATION FOR KOREANS.

Steps have been taken by the Soviet Government to provide educational facilities for the Koreans who constitute 17 per cent. of the population in the maritime province in the Far East. A Korean section has been formed at the Pedegogical Technicum and Labour College of Vladivostok and at other higher schools. In all the Korean schools the instruction is now given in the Korean language.

PROF. IVANOV'S EXPERIMENTS.

Prof. Ivanov, the noted Russian biologist has carried out a series of experiments in the artificial gemitation of domestic cattle. Successful experiments were made on foxes which may prove to be of practical commercial interest from the standpoint of fostering the breeding of the high-priced silver foxes and other fur-bearing animals.

Prof. Ivanov has also carried out interesting experiments in the cross-breeding of different kinds of animals. This has been found possible only among animals differing only in secondary features. It was found impossible to obtain cross-breeds among animals of distinctive different kinds, such as rabbits and hares, or mice and rats.

GREEK RELICS IN UKRAINE.

This Historical-Archaeological Museum of Kherson has in recent years been enriched by a collection of 200 exhibits of sculptures and tomb-stones belonging to the period of the existence of Greek colonies in South Russia. Among the interesting items are the marble statue of a lion which has decorated the palace of Olvia, a feminine figure representing a mythological goddess, and so on.

Recent excavations near the Adjgola Lighthouse on the Dniepar would seem to indicate that the ancient township near Kherson had once been a military settlement defending the entrance to Olvia, one of the wealthiest Greek colonies on the Black Sea. There were discovered also the ramnants of foundations of stone-buildings, granaries, ovens, etc.

BEST TREATMENT FOR BACKACHE.

What is the best treatment for an aching back? The question has been asked thousands of times by suffering men and women in all parts of the world, and numberless methods of treatment have been tried. Some have failed hopelessly; others have given temporary relief, but the best results of all have been obtained in those cases where D. Witt's Pills have been used. Almost without exception De Witt's Pills have banished the agony of Backache, and have also improved the sufferer's health in many ways. Thus there is no longer any doubt as to which is the best method of treating Backache. All the sufferer need do is to take two of De Witt's Pills just before going to bed at night and in the morning the pain will be gone. Nothing could be easier; nothing could be pleasanter, and the pills are sold so cheaply by chemists that all can afford them. Another advantage that must appeal to every reader is that De Witt's Pills contain no harmful or habit-forming drugs, and it is not necessary to keep on taking them after the pain has gone. Men and women of all ages and races must benefit by taking De Witt's Pills, for they cleanse the urinary organs: strengthen the kidneys and remove the cause of Backache and similar afflictions in a perfectly natural manner. Whether your trouble is due to illness, weakness, excesses or indiscretion, you cannot choose a better remedy than De Witt's Pills or one that will give you relief in less time. Your chemist sells them at a very moderate price, and a guarantee is given that the pills are machine made under ideal conditions and are untouched by hand. No animal fats are used in their preparation. Ask the chemist distinctly for De Witt's Pills and take them in accordance with the simple directions enclosed in every box.

AGRICULTURAL SHOW.

TO BE HELD IN POONA

We are asked by the Presidency Show Publicity Department to publish the following:—

The preparations for the mammoth Agricultural Show to be held in Poona towards the end of this year, to which reference was recently made by His Excellency the Governor, are progressing satisfactorily and the Show promises to be one of the most remarkable ever held in India.

The Show will be a miniature Presidency workshop where the agricultural activities of all parts of the Presidency will be revealed in all their variety in actual operation and where the agriculturalists of the Presidency will be afforded opportunities to learn lessions as to how their crops can be improved by the adoption of new methods and sensible conduct.

It is proposed to collect a sum of not less than a lakh of rupees to form a general fund to be called the Presidency Agricultural Show Fund; but if the present expectations are fulfilled, this year's contributions together with the Government of Bombay's contribution, will considerably exceed that total. That is to say, that when all the expenses of the forthcoming Poona Show have been paid, there will probably be a balance of anything up to Rs. 75,000, which will be invested as a Fund for assisting the promotion of future Agricultural Shows in all parts of the Presidency proper. It is anticipated that the substantial donations from the Patrons, who number about forty, will be considerably augmented by grants from all the local bodies in the Presidency and from the leading inamdars and landowners in each district. This work of collecting has already commenced in right earnest, and up to the present about Rs. 20,000 is in hand. In this connection Government have issued strict instructions that the subordinate revenue service is not to be used in any way for the collection of subscriptions from the ryots or any members of the poorer classes.

Now that the arrangements for the Show are well in hand a special Show Office has been opened in the Central Buildings, Poona, and all information will be supplied by that office. The various sub-committees are now at work preparing details, the Chairman of the Executive Committee being Mr. G. W. Hatch. The Honorary Treasurer is Mr P. B. Haigh, Collector of Poona, who will gratefully acknowledge all donations. This is the first time that the Bombay Presidency has attempted such an ambitions scheme and hence it is confidently anticipated that it will receive the most cordial support of and response from the whole of the public of the Presidency, more especially as it is understood that this Show at Poona will be merely the first of a series of such Presidency Shows to be held at different centres of the Province.

The following is a list of the chief donations received up to date:—H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur, Rs. 10,000; the Chief of Bhor, Rs. 1,500; the Chief of Kagal Senior, Rs. 1,000; Sardar Shambusinh Amarsinh J. Raje Rs. 501; Rao Bahadur Hanmantrao Ramnath Rs. 500; Khan Saheb S. Jan Mohamed Rs. 500; the Chief of Aundh Rs. 500; the Chief of Jehalkaranji Rs. 1,000; the Chief of Phaltan Rs. 700; the President of District Local Board, Kanara, Rs. 200; Thakor of Amod Rs. 500; Mr Bamanji A. Dalal Rs. 1001; the Hon Mr Cowasji Jehangir 300; Rao Bahadur Lalubhai Damodardas Rs. 101; the Chief of Kurundwad Rs. 500; Sardar Mir Ahmed Ali Khan Rs. 25; Local Agricultural Association, Chandore Rs. 100.

It might also be mentioned that the Enquiry Bureau at the Poona Central Buildings will be attended by either the Secretary or the Assistant Secretary on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays between 1 p.m. and 2 p.m and one of the officers will be either in the Bureau Office or at the College of Agriculture between 12 noon and 4 p.m. any week day except holidays and Saturdays.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION AGAINST VAKIL.

MADRAS, Jan 18.

Before the Full Bench of the Madras High Court, to-day, the case against M. R. Sundara Iyer, High Court Vakil, to show cause why disciplinary action should not be taken against him, under section 10 of the Letters Patent, was argued by the Advocate-General. He mentioned that there were three charges against the Vakil on consequence of his conviction of criminal breach of trust in respect of a sum of Rs. 1,000) by the Chief Presidency Magistrate and the conviction having been confirmed by the High Court subsequently, their Lordships ordered the Vakil's name to be struck off the rolls of the High Court.—A. P.

MADRAS HIGH COURT REORGANISATION

MADRAS, Jan. 18

"The Madras Mail" writes:—It is understood to be very likely that the terms of Mr. Justice Madhavan Nair and Mr. Justice Srinivasa Iyengar, temporary Judges of the High Court, will be extended for one more year.

The Madras Government and the High Court in consultation are, it is believed contemplating the appointment of a committee to consider the whole question of the High Court establishment and to make suggestions for efficient reorganisation and retrenchment.—A. P.

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ONE MORE CONCERT
OF INDIA'S MASTER SINGER
PIYARA SAHEB

WITH Miss OOSHARANI and Miss SARLADEVI
The Renowned DANCERS and SINGERS of CALCUTTA
On WEDNESDAY 20th January, 9-30 at
RIPON THEATRE Corner of GRANT ROAD,
Booking at Theatre RATES AS USUAL.

Am I a "BOY or a GIRL"???
Tell me at the **EXHIBITION**
COLABA.
3 Legged human being.

How many "LEGS" have you?
SEE I have "SIX"
Mr. MONKEY
EXHIBITION, COLABA.

CONSUMPTION HAS BEEN CURED.

A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION HAS BEEN FOUND.

DERK P. YONKERMAN, DISCOVERER OF THE NEW REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION.

Marvellous as it may seem after centuries of failure, a remedy has been discovered that has cured the deadly Consumption even in the advanced stages of the disease. No one will longer doubt that Consumption can be cured after reading the proof of hundreds of cases cured by this wonderful discovery—some after change of climate and all other remedies tried had failed, and the cases had been pronounced hopeless of cure. This new remedy has also proved itself effective and speedy in curing Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, and other serious throat and lung troubles. In order that all in need of this wonderful produce of science may test its efficacy for themselves, a Company has been formed to give it to the world, and a Free Trial Treatment can be obtained by writing the Derk P. Yonkerman Co., Ltd., (Dept. C252) 118/120, Fleet St., London, E. C. 4, enclosing 6d. in stamps to cover cost of Government Stamp duty, carriage and packing and mentioning this paper. The trial treatment will then be sent by return mail, carriage paid.

ABSOLUTELY FREE

Do not wait if you have any of the symptoms of Consumption, if you have Chronic Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pains in your Chest, a Cold on your Lungs, or any throat or Lung trouble; write to-day for a free trial treatment and book of instructions, and benefit yourself before it is too late.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

January 19.

Tannenfels, Botten, Hamburg.
Clan Alpine, Rermot, Liverpool.

DEPARTURES.

January 20.

Bandra, Hennings, Busreh.
Varsova, Watson, Busreh.
Tarantia, Kelly, Marmagoa.
Pengiore, Corquedale, Antwerp.
City of Poona, Brown, Karachi.
Maur, Svensen, Bangkok

LOADING.

January 19.

Steamer Jandara for Calcutta.
Steamer Gharinda for London.
Steamer Cracovia for Trieste.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

(TUESDAY, January 19.)

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

3 Tarantia, 3201, Liverpool, 16/1, Graham's Trading Co.
7 Gharinda, 3212, Karachi, 28/1, M M and Co.
9 Nirpura, 3647, China, 23/1, M M and Co.
11 Baron Napier, 3159, Kobe, 24/1, N Y Kaisha.
13 Bengalee 3425, U K, N F, T M and Co.
16 City of Poona 4766, K'chi 21/1 K N & Co.
Jetty Cracovia 4566 Trieste 1/2 L Triestino.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

F Alani 2157, R S Ports 25/1, T M & Co.
K Dara, 3082 NF. NF. T M and Co.
Crostafels 3078 K'chi 26/1 L Edwards Co.

EXPORTS.

January 19.

S S Crostafels for Hamburg:—110 bales cotton A Khimji and Co; 165 bales cotton Chachaty Cotton Export; 1000 cwt linseed Louis Dreyfus and Co; 4 cwt sheep guts Ad Meyer; 216 cwt dry casings Ad Meyer; 15296 cwt groundnuts Ralli Bros; 106 cwt gum kadaya Tamboli and Co.

S S Crostafels for Rotterdam:—11000 cwt groundnuts Ralli Bros.

S S Scindia for Liverpool:—5000 cwt groundnuts oil cake N V Velmohomed; 1000 cwt gingelly seed oil cake N V Velmohomed; 100 bales cottonfly M Chandulal and Co; 100 bales cotton waste M Chandulal and Co.

S S Scindia for Marseilles.—300 cwt castorseed Ralli Bros; 39 cases goat skins H M Edwards and Co.

S S Scindia for Barcelona.—100 bales cotton S Shamji and Co; 1980 cwt mussoor Ralli Bros.

S S Scindia for Glasgow:—1950 cwt linseed oil cake Moosabhai and Co.

S S Scindia for Smyrna:—71 bales cotton grey yarn I David and Co.

S S Benglore for Antwerp:—110 bales cotton H Nensey and Co; 110 bales cotton Vurchman Bros Ltd; 55 bales cotton B Cursondas and Co; 115 bales cotton Chachaty Cotton Export; 55 bales cotton The Bombay Co Ltd.

S S Benglore for Ghent:—275 bales cotton The Patel Cotton Co Ltd.

S S Kaiser-i-Hind for London:—1000 cwt linseed oil cake N V Velemohomed; 200 cwt casein Midland Dairy Co; 76 bundles lamb skins Cox and King's Shipping Agency Ltd; 5 boxes cotton prints Cox and King's Shipping Agency Ltd; 3 bales woollen carpets Cox and King's Shipping Agency Ltd.

S S Cracovia for Trieste:—2000 cwt linseed Ralli Bros.

S S Gharinda for Havre:—2000 cwt linseed Volkart Bros; 60 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

S S Gharinda for Dunkirk:—2000 tons manganese ore Cox and King's Shipping Agency Ltd.

S S City of Poona for Liverpool:—18 bales wool H Ramgopal.

S S Bassano for Middlesbro':—500 tons manganese ore James Finlay and Co. Ltd.

S S Bassano for Hull:—2000 cwt cotton seed Ralli Bros; 3460 cwt castor seed Ralli Bros.

S S Warfield for Hull:—609 cwt cotton seed Ralli Bros; 12240 cwt castorseed Ralli Bros; 11600 cwt groundnuts Ralli Bros.

S S Nirpura for Osaka:—200 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co Ltd.

S S Nirpura for Kobe:—400 bales cotton N Fatheally; 1000 bales cotton G K Kaisha Ltd; 100 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co Ltd.

S S Nirpura for Nagoya:—500 bales cotton G K Kaisha Ltd; 800 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co. Ltd.

S S Nirpura for Yokohama:—500 bales cotton G K Kaisha Ltd; 300 bales cotton T M Kaisha Ltd.

S S Nirpura for Yokkaichi:—400 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co Ltd.

S S Nirpura for Shanghai:—250 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 2000 bales cotton T M Kaisha Ltd.

S S Nirura for Moji:—500 bales cotton I M Kaisha Ltd.

S S Toyooka Maru for Nagoya:—500 bales cotton G K Kaisha Ltd.

S S Toyooka Maru for Hongkong:—7 cwt moodu seed Parisian Dairy Co; 400 bales cotton grey twist C Bomanji and Co.

S S Toyooka Maru for Shanghai:—2000 bales cotton R D Tata and Co Ltd.

S S Toyooka Maru for Kobe:—100 bales cotton H Nensey and Co; 500 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co Ltd.

S S Toyooka Maru for Osaka:—1000 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co Ltd.

S S Toyooka Maru for Yokkaichi:—1000 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co Ltd.

S S Nalgora for Kobe:—200 bales cotton C Bomanji and Co.

S S Baron Napier for Yokkaichi:—100 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

S S Baron Napier for Kobe:—300 bales cotton H Rambhagat and Co.

S S Baron Napier for Osaka:—100 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

S S Honolulu Maru for Nagoya:—500 bales cotton T M Kaisha Ltd.

S S Honolulu Maru for Yokkaichi:—1000 bales cotton T M Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS.

January 19.

S S Billiton from Hamburg, Agents E D Sassoon and Co Ltd—From Hamburg:—51 cases iron ware; 65 cases enamelledware; 59 cases toys; 77 cases hollow glass; 21 cases padlocks; 20 cases hosiery; 50 cases iron hinges; 34 cases tin hollow ware; 30 cases liqueur; 39 cases tin lamps; 71 drums chloride of magnesium; 20 drums permanganate of potash; 300 kegs chlorate of potash; 425 packages hurricane lamps; 533 d/bags broken tiles; 70 drums magnesium chloride; 20 barrels spirit varnish; 233 bales paper; 363 bales cummin seed; 27 casks old files; 13 cases hardware; 1800 pieces fire bricks; 25 packages soap; 13 cases E'ware; 37 cases barytes; 10 cases tobacco pipes.

From Antwerp:—1100 casks china clay; 150 casks red lead; 30 casks colours; 60 cases colours; 263 cases glassware; 75 cases nails; 70 cases playing cards; 200 pieces steel flats; 30 pieces bars; 133 pieces joists; 42 pieces iron; 20 pieces steel tees; 675 pieces steel angle and plates; 133 bundles steel angle and plates; 17 cases hamler's drugs; 10 barrels chains.

From Rotterdam:—463 bales straw boards; 220 bags rivets; 70 bags white dextrine; 120 bags white dextrine; 1410 d/bags farina; 225 bags farina; 133 bags sugar; 60 d/bags bolts and nuts; 575 d/bags caraway seed; 50 cases beer; 115 cases woollens and cottons; 65 cases boot polish; 74 cases wine; 75 cases gin; 20 cases lamps; 13 cases art silk yarn; 389 cases schnopps; 40 cases envelopes; 20 cases cheese; 36 cases soap; 50 cases E'ware; 300 cases vegetable products; 602 bales paper; 22 bales cotton wool; 103 casks sugar of lead; 50 bottles acetic acid; 169 coils copper wire; 69 pieces bends; 57 bundles bends; 192 bundles iron gas tubes; 600 pieces iron gas tubes; 1605 pieces steel tubes; 35 cases jam and cocoa; 515 pieces steel plates; 22 drums chloride of zinc; 36 barrels phosphate of soda; 450 kegs paint; 15 cases essential oil; 15 cases leonical goods; 100 cases chicory; 12 cases silk trimming; 21 drums sulphide of sodium; 10 cases wall tiles; 73 casks tube fittings; 125 pieces and bundles tube fittings.

S S Vasna from Basrah, Agents M M and Co.—From Basrah:—10 bundles gold and silver coins; 1 parcel gold and silver coins; 2 bundles gold blocks; 13 nony empty gas cylinders; 644 bundles skin dates; 207 bundles wet dates; 4765 baskets wet dates; 276 bags dry dates; 144 bags sheep skins.

S S Bankura from Basrah, Agents M M and Co—From Basrah:—20 bags almonds; 2 bundles sheep skins; 10 bundles cowhides.

From Bushire:—10 bags attari; 264 bags dates; 9 bags gum; 2 bags skins; 14 bundles skins; 20 carboys rosa water.

From Muscat:—113 crates pomegranates; 67 bags dry fish; 1651 bags sardines; 397 bags dry dates; 880 boxes wet dates.

From B/Abbas:—27 bags raisins; 30 bundles rosa buds; 30 cases assafoetida; 1 bundle specie.

From Charbar:—876 bundles saffi mats.
From York:—550 bags matcots.
From Gwader:—174 bundles saffi mats; 14 bundles fish.
From Dubbai:—28 bundles specie; 1 bundle carpets; 9 tins pearls.
From Mangrol:—1 bundle specie.
From Varewal:—964 bales cotton.

S S Nalgora from Calcutta, Agents M M and Co—From Calcutta:—8520 tins coal.

"AN ALIGARH BOMBSHELL."

Mr. B. F. Bharucha writes:—

The presidential address of Sir Abdur Rahim at the Muslim League meeting at Aligarh is to say the least disappointing and dividing. It is neither rational or national nor graceful or grateful. It is a brief for Muslim communalism and a downright denunciation of Hindu leaders. Even the "Statesman" styles it as an "Aligarh Bomb-Shell"! Nay, it goes further and says, that "in many ways we think that the tone of the speech is regretable"! It further observes that "Sir Abdur Rahim's olive branch in fact scarcely conceals the sword within its leaves"! And it concludes its article by saying that "Sir Abdur Rahim takes a heavy responsibility when he blows into flame the hot embers of Hindu-Muslim fires"!

What a sad performance by an ex-judge of the High Court and an ex-Member of the Executive Council of Bengal! Let us examine some of his statements briefly. Will Sir Abdur Rahim tell us freely and fully

(1) Which Hindu politicians appeal to the lower instincts of the community?

(2) Which Suddhi movement aims at the conversion of millions of Mussalmans into Hinduism?

(3) Under the Suddhi movement how many originai Muslims have been converted to Hinduism?

(4) Which Hindu leaders have talked of "driving out the Muslims from India as the Spaniards expelled the Moors from Spain?

(5) Which Hindu leaders have specialised in vilifying all Muslim institutions, including Islam itself?

(6) Which Hindu leaders have claimed that India belongs solely to the Hindus"?

(7) Will Sir Abdur Rahim quote chapter and verse from the speeches and writings of Hindu leaders to justify all his allegations against them?

(8) What were Sir Abdur Rahim and his loyalist friends doing, when the Khilafat was in danger and the Turkish nation was fighting its last battle of Freedom?

(9) Were they not occupying high responsible and influential positions in the country, and were sitting on fence, when Mahatma Gadhi mobilised the country—Muslims and Hindus—alike?

(10) Did not the Hindus stand solidly by the side of their Muslim countrymen in their great hour of trial and tribulation?

(11) Did not Mahatma Gandhi launch the non-violent non-cooperation movement when he found the Government pursuing a policy that would have led to the annihilation of the Turks?

(12) Did not Mahatma Gandhi forego the capital opportunity of coming to terms with the Government, when he refused to attend a Round Table Conference with the Viceroy until the Ali Brothers were released and were also invited to attend the Conference?

(13) Is it fair, is it just, is it graceful, is it grateful to accuse the Hindu leaders to-day of wild designs of conversion and expulsion of Muslims, when in the Muslim hour of depression the Hindu lent their complete support to their Muslim countrymen?

(14) Is it conceivable, is it practicable, for Hindu leaders to launch to-day a policy of aggression and conversion and expulsion, when Kemal Pasha is the Master of Asia Minor, when the Amir of Afghanistan has regained independence and when Persia has ousted both the Russian and British exploiters from her land and established a stable Government?

(15) Will Sir Abdur Rahim answer these queries fully? Will he please reconsider his views and revise his out-look? And will he in the evening of his life work for a true understanding between Hindus and Muslims? Or will he fan the flame of intercommunal disputes? May Al Rahaman Al Rahim guide aright Sir Abdur Rahim!

"THE PROBLEM OF INDIA."

LORD OLIVIER ON THE NATIONAL DEMAND.

In the course of his foreword to a book entitled "The Problem of India" by Messrs. B. Shiva Rao and Major Graham Pole, to be shortly published by the Labour Publishing Co., London, Lord Olivier, writes:—

The Nationalist movement is growing in the strength of its impulse day by day, and is consolidating its forces. British readers should rather have regard to the pronouncement made in "The Review of Reviews" in the autumn of 1924 by the Maharaja of Bikaner one of India's representatives in the Assembly of the League of Nations, that, however much the Governments of the Indian Native States might dissent from the tactics and programme of the Swarajists, the desire for Indian Dominion Status on a national basis is as strong in those States as in British India and who could imagine that in those States, which have retained their native institutions and civilisations in an even greater degree than the modernised cities of British India, there could be any other sentiment.

Very significant, too was the protest of the Aga Khan in "The Times" of the 5th of August last against Lord Milner's dogma, published in his posthumous "Credo", that the cement of the British Empire was necessarily domination by the British race. "In the modern post-war world," wrote His Highness "it is impossible to rule permanently so vast and populous a land as India as a second-class portion of the Empire, because it is outside the charmed circle of those portions which are dominantly British in administration colonisation, and outlook. It is equally impossible, on such a basis for India to be content with junior partnership in a world of culture and racial jealousies and exclusive sympathies. To call India a Dominion in an Empire based on British race patriotism alone would be an absurdity ..... While ready to follow England in such realms as science, industry, hygiene and sports we take our stand on our own culture in the realm of the spirit. Indians, whether Hindu Muslim are no less proud than Englishmen, of their own traditions and teachings in religion, philosophy, poetry, romance and art."

THE NATIONAL DEMAND.

Equally wholesome for English readers is the protest made by Sir Syed Sirdar Ali Khan, of Hyderabad, in "The Times" of the 1st of August last against the theory promulgated by Lord Birkenhead that the presence in India of 70 million Mahomedans "martial in their traditions and virile in their qualities," contributed an immense complication to difficulties already incalculably great. Many of us were brought up on the story of the Mahomedan potentate who boasted that were British control withdrawn, an India would promptly be raided and ravaged by the troops of its Mussalman States. In the first place, there are vast Hindu communities in India quite as martial in their traditions and virile in their qualities as the Mahomedans, who would presumably have something to say to such exploits but, more co-gently, as Sir Syed Ali Khan points out, the service to Indian life of Indian Mahomedans and their importance in the community, is quite as great in other departments of civilised life as it can be conceived to be in militarism. "Greater even than that is our achievement in the art of Government; and I could cite scores of honoured names to show what the Indian Mahomedan can do under modern conditions when he is given a chance of showing his worth as administrators. . . If the communal differences of India are to be solved it can only be by resolutely facing their causes; and not by ignoring them. Nothing could be more disastrous than for the error to be propagated that we are merely anxious to knock our Hindu fellow-countrymen on the head and to make further trouble for England by carrying on political agitation. . . No sane Mahomedan wants communal differences to be perpetuated. We want them to be eliminated. . . The great majority of us still trust that by co-operation on a way may be found to a form of self-Government that will be not a Hindu government, but a government that will really represent India and will give to the Mahomedans that share in assisting the well-ordered progress of the country that they deserve by their numbers, their merits and their traditions."

The demand for Indian National Dominion Status is a demand in which Native and British India, Hindu and Mahomedan India whole-heartedly combine, and neither the Native States nor the Mahomedan community are likely to be grateful to English flatterers who seek to eulogise them by appealing to them as a force antagonistic to the progress of Indian National aspirations.

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Srijut C. Y. CHINTAMANI, Editor, "Leader"
Sir P. RAJAGOPALACHARI, India Council.
The Rajah of Panagal, Chief Minister, Madras.
The Rajah of Kollengode: Late Executive Councillor, Madras
Justice V. RAMESAM PANTULU, High Court Judge, Madras
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What you said exactly came true. I write below what you said?—
Quotations for the cotton rates.
8th higher than 3rd.
5th equal to 4th.
9th higher than 4th and 5th.
7th lower than 6th.
6th higher than 7th.
10th and 11th highest.
This came quite correct. Therefore I press you to follow this procedure and continue this daily. I am thankful to you for the telegram and the quotations stated in that also proved quite correct.

(Sd.) R. S. IYER.
Nagpur, (C. P.) 8—11—1924.

ORDER REPEATED.

I am really pleased to write that by God's grace your cotton forecast has given me satisfaction. Please send fully for the month of April.

(Sd.) RUSTOM PESHUTAN DABU.
Navsari, 10—3—25.

I was fortunate enough to have my life reading and I am proud to say that the details given therein exactly coincide with my fortune. This encouraged me to have one for 1925.

(Sd.) SEBASTIAO FRANCICO NORONHA
174, Second Floor, Bombay, 12—4—24.

I have gone through my life reading from you and I find the matter therein relates to my present destiny. To enlighten my doubtful and dark future shall thank you to send me my future 5 years' life reading.

(Sd.) E. C. MUKADAM.
Grant Road, Bombay, 4—2—24.

I have got my life reading for 1924 and I found it correct to the word. will be very glad if you send me my future for the year 1925.

(Sd.) BHIMA RAO, S.P., Ind., B.A., LL.B., c/o Jain Board
Kolhapur City, 28—5—24.

I got prepared from you last year my life reading and all the facts mentioned there have proved correct and exact. Now I again trouble you to prepare for the coming year 1925.

(Sd.) IGPAL SINGH,
Sub-Inspector of Police.
Bahils, Betul Dist., 10—1—1924.

I am very much pleased with your accurate description of my Character and temperament and do sincerely hope that your forecast will turn out correct.

(Sd.) R. S. VYDHINATHA IYER,
Deputy Collector, Tirukoilur.
3—1—25.

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This is to certify that T. S. Venkateswara Iyer, Proprietor, H .A. Bureau, Valavanur, has predicted quite accurately the event of daughter's marriage and certain other events of my office quite accurately. His skill in answering questions in a sealed cover is something Godly.

(Sd.) V. NARASIMHA SARMA,
Sub-Registrar and Special Magistrate,
Valavanur, S. A.

PROVED CORRECT.

This is to certify that Mr. T. S. Venkateswar Iyer is a wonderful thought reader and an expert in foretelling events in the near future. I wish him success.

(Sd.) W. C. Jolliffe,
Late of Bombay Police, Bombay

I have gone through my life reading and I am eager to have the same for the coming year. Please be good enough send me my reading for 1925.

(Sd.) S. X. VAZ,
Dinshawmanlal, Jermananlal, Estate.
Dhobitalav, Bombay, 8—4—24.

Being satisfied by the life-reading of this year, I request you to furnish me with a copy for the year 1925.

(Sd.) J. R. O'NIEL.
Delisle Road, Lower Parel.

I have got my life reading for the present year 1924 and I will be very glad if you send the same for the coming year 1925.

(Sd.) C. M. PAREKH.
Andheri P. O., Bombay, 9—12—1924.

I shall thank you to forward me my life-reading for the coming year. I have always found your readings to be accurate and exact.

(Sd.) SORAB N. PANDAY,
P. O. B. 340, Bombay 14—11—24.

This is to certify that I have tried Mr. T. S. Venkateswara Iyer in Aroodam and Astrology. I am sure he is the best talented in the profession and he is fully confident of his calculations. I have presented him a Gold Medal on account of the gain I had since meeting him.

(Sd.) B. SOLOMON MADURAM, L. M. P.
Medical Practitioner, Renigunta.

Send your selected questions well packed in a sealed envelope. You will ge their correct reply and also your sealed cover without being opened. Always send the exact **time and date of birth** or writing your letter, or name and present age.

Questions relating to theft and Government will not be attended to. Testing questions cannot be answered.

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I have much pleasure in testifying to the abilities of M. R. Ry. T. S. Venkateswara Iyer Avl. of the Hanuman Astrological Bureau, Valavanur, as evidenced by my perusal of his one year life reading which I have had once occasion to peruse. The delineation of character and the handling of the branch of life reading by periods is really very interesting and based upon careful reading of the horoscope in a scientific manner.

(Sd.) JODHIR BOOSHANAM,
T. S. Visvanatha Sroutigal,
Joint Sub-Registrar.
Villupuram, 11—8—25.

I have much pleasure in recommending M. R. Ry. T. S. Venkateswara Iyer Avl., famous world-known Astrologer of Valavanur, S. A. District in giving out correctly the past, present and future predictions. What all he has predicted for me concerning health, family and business affairs and every item turned out to be quite correct.

(Sd.) C. K. N. RAMANATHA IYER,
of Messrs. C. K. Narayana Iyer and Sons.
Valavanur, 19—5—23.

I am very glad for the correct and prompt reply. I have to-day posted another cover of questions.

(Sd.) M. NARAYANA IYER, C.T.C.,
S. I. Rly., Shoranur.

Your loving and wonderful letter was this day received with an astonishment and amusement of love towards you. I cannot express what I have in me and know it better.

As ordered I am sending you money for two talismans.

(Sd.) A. RAMASAMY MUDALIAR,
Retired Assistant Engineer,
Secunderabad, 5—10—19.

On reading your V. P., I find them accurate. Indeed the answers are wonderful and can only be considered to be the result of the Supernatural inspiration of Sree Hanuman.

(Sd.) P. SUBHA RAO, B.A.,
Pleader, Gooty, 5—5—22.

I am very glad to inform you the receipt of your letter of answers. I wondered to see the contents. All the matters are correct. I wish to have the Talisman. Send the same by V.P.P.

Sd.) P. GOPALARATHNAM IYENGAR,
Pleader., Vellore, 23—3—22.

I have gone through my life reading sent by you. What you predicted for Mannar Ramaswamy Pathar has turned out quite correct. I appreciate your Astrological Knowledge, too much. I request you to send me one for the coming year.

(Sd.) DEVAKI VENKATA KRISHNA CHETTY,
Proprietor, Messrs. Krishna & Co.,
Madras, 31—10—24.

UP-TO-DATE.

Last year I had my life reading from you and that was to my entire satisfaction. I request you to send me one for the year '25.

(Sd.) R. C. ECORALAWALLA,
Cash Office, Princess Dock,
Bombay, 22—12—24.

Many thanks for your answers to my questions received the other day per V.P.P. All the answers tally with questions and are correct.

(Sd.) G. M. PHATAK, M.A., LL.B.,
Sub-Judge, Bhusaval.

RECEIVED A LIFT.

I am glad to inform you that I received lift in my pay and position as predicted by you.

(Sd.) ANANDRAM H.
Magistrate, Kandhkot, Sind.

I am thankful to you for the answer which you have sent us to the six questions put by me. The answers given tally with the questions.

(Sd.) BABU PRASHAD,
District and Sessions Judge, Bharatapur.

I appreciate your predictions. If you suggest a remedy I will be thankful.

(Sd.) K. L. VENKATA RAO, B.A., B.L.
District Munsif,
Kavali, Nellore District.

Received your answer cover with my sealed cover intact. The answers tally with the questions.

(Sd.) K. S. VENKATACHALAM IYER,
District Munsiff, Tanjore.

ALWAYS ACCURATE.

I beg to inform you that your life reading gave me all sureness. Will you send me another one book of future reference to next year.

(Sd.) R. SILVALOBO NORTON.
Agent, Makinnon Mackenzie,
Karachi, 27—9—24.

I request you to be good enough to send me the life reading for the coming year. I beg to say I am very much satisfied with yours of the current year.

(Sd.) L. H. FERNANDZ.
Mavalikara, Travancore, 8—10—1924.

Kindly be as good as to send me my life reading for the next year. I am satisfied with yours of the past year.

(Sd.) P. A. D. LIMA.

I got my life reading from you and I found the same to be very useful to me for the complete year 1924. So I am asking you again to send my annual life reading for the year 1925.

(Sd.) KAIKOBAD S. MALABARWALLA,
Bombay, 25—10—24.

I am very much obliged to you for the answers to my queries. Innumerable thanks for you for having suggested the use of Sree Hanuman's Talisman.

(Sd.) RAM SWARUPA KANSHALA,
Professor,
Ambala City, The Punjab.

Last year I had my life reading from you. I request you to be good enough to send by V.P.P., a similar reading for the coming year.

(Sd.) C. V. SUBRAMANIAM,
Esplanade Road,
Fort, Bombay, 13—9—24.

WONDERFUL THOUGHT READER.

I was completely satisfied with the accuracy of the replies and I am anxious to send you money for the Talisman. Send one year life reading.

(Sd.) K. R. UPADYE, B.A., LL.B.,
High Court Pleader, Bombay.

I have great pleasure to inform you that I keep good and sound health after putting on your Talisman. I also inform you that the Almighty has favoured me with a male child.

(Sd.) GHELABHAI ATMARAM SHETH,
Hausore, (Via) Ankleshwar.

I was satisfied with your replies and having full faith in the divine power of Sree Hanumanjee and full confidence in your words, I have ventured to send the amount. Soon send Talisman.

(Sd.) GOPAL LAL N. ADHYARN,
Messrs. Patel Trivedi and Co.,
Ahmedabad.

As per your advice I have your Sarva Karya Sidhi Talisman and went to see my superiors for the success of my business. To my great astonishment at the first chance I came out fully successful which I never hoped.

(Sd.) V. SUNDARA RAJULU NAIDU,
Chief Inspector, The Standard Oil Co.

Your clairvoyance is really wonderful and I cannot but admire your power of reading questions under a sealed cover. Answer tally with the questions. Wish you every success.

(Sd.) GOPAL KRISHNA. M.A., M.R.A.S.,
Head Master, Rohtak.

Many thanks for the answers. It is a wonder how you could guess my questions without opening the sealed cover. One of your predictions regarding the Viceroy's Cup winner has been fulfilled as I see from to-day's papers.

(Sd.) SWERT C. BANERJEE,
Bengal Chemical and Pharmaceutical Works, Ltd., Calcutta.

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